

Digital Power Meter

GPM-8310

USER MANUAL

Rev. A



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER

GW INSTEK

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S SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to ensure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.



WARNING

Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.



CAUTION

Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the GPM-8310 or to other properties.



DANGER High Voltage



Attention Refer to the Manual



Protective Conductor Terminal



Earth (ground) Terminal



Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

General Guideline • Make sure that the voltage input level does not exceed AC600V.



CAUTION

- Make sure the current input level does not exceed 20A.
- Do not place any heavy object on the instrument.
- Avoid severe impact or rough handling that can lead to damaging the instrument.
- Do not discharge static electricity to the instrument.
- Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals.
- Do not block or obstruct the cooling fan vent opening.
- Do not perform measurement at the source of a low-voltage installation or at building installations (Note below).
- Do not disassemble the instrument unless you are qualified as service personnel.
- Make sure that the COM terminal to earth is limited to 600Vpk.
- Remove all test leads before disconnecting the mains power cord from the socket.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- The device should be placed in a place where the plug connected to it can be removed easily.

(Note) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. The GPM-8310 falls under category II 600V.

- Measurement category IV is for measurement performed at the source of low-voltage installation.
- Measurement category III is for measurement performed in the building installation.
- Measurement category II is for measurement performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation.

Power Supply



WARNING

- AC Input voltage: 100-240 VAC 50/60Hz
- The power supply voltage should not fluctuate more than 10%.
- Connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground, to avoid electrical shock.
- If grounding practice is not well implemented, a certain amounts of noises will be generated when connecting to GPM-001, the handy measurement accessory for GPM-8310.

Cleaning the Instrument

- Disconnect the power cord before cleaning.
- Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid.
- Do not use chemicals containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.

Operation Environment

- Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below)
- Temperature: 0°C to 40°C
- Humidity: < 30°C: < 80%RH(non-condensing);
30°C~40°C:<70%RH(non-condensing);
>40°C: <50%RH (non-condensing)
- Altitude: <2000m
- Overvoltage category: OVC II

(Note) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The GPM-8310 falls under degree 2.

- Pollution refers to “addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity”.
- Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence.
- Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected.
- Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.

Storage
environment

- Location: Indoor
- Temperature: -40°C to 70°C
- Humidity: <90%RH(non-condensing)

Disposal



Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.

G ETTING STARTED

This chapter describes the GPM-8310 in a nutshell, including accessories, package contents, its main features and front / rear panel introduction.

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Characteristics

The GPM-8310 is a high-precision, programmable power meter for using in standby measuring the device with low power such as switching power supplies, transformers, power supplies, adapter and other devices. It equips with a color TFT-LCD screen and also multiple graph displays which are very convenient for reading the measurement results. The GPM-8310 has become a reliable power measurement instruments because of its simple operation, excellent performance, user-friendly graph displays and automatic measurement interface.



Operation

- Press the buttons on the front panel to easily turn on the GPM-8310 measurement function. All settings and measurements results are displayed on the 5-inches TFT-LCD screen panel for easy use of each function.
- Standard display mode: 2 main measurement results and 8 secondary measurement results are displayed in this screen.
- Simple display mode: 4 major measurement results are displayed in this screen.

- Performance
- 6 selectable voltage ranges available from 15V to 600V with 0.1% of reading + 0.05% of range.
 - 12 selectable current ranges available from 5mA to 20A with 0.1% of reading + 0.05% of range.
 - It can even measure the voltage of abnormal wave of CF 3. The half-range CF is up to 6 or 6A.
 - It can even measure the current of abnormal wave of CF 3. The half-range CF is up to 6 or 6A.
 - Total harmonic distortion measurement.
 - 50-orders harmonic test and analysis function.
 - Graph display for measurement results including harmonic orders distribution.
 - Plug-in USB disk data store function including log and screenshot.
 - Auto range function for integration measurement.
-

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Features | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Full five-digit measurement.• Voltage measurement range: 15V ~ 600V or automatic switching• Current measurement range: 5mA ~ 20A or automatic switching• Maximum accuracy of 0.1% of reading + 0.05% of range• 2 main measurement readings and 8 minor measurement readings are displayed in the screen of standard display mode.• 4 main measurement readings are displayed in the screen of simple display mode.• Added stand-alone display of total harmonic distortion measurement function (50 steps)• Test bandwidth of voltage and current: DC ~ 100kHz.• Selectable boot settings (Previous / Default)• Waveform display up to 10kHz along with Harmonic bar and list table |
| Interface | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Standard interface: USB / RS232 / LAN / GPIB• Optional interface: Digital IO / DA4 |
| Application | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• It can be applied to production test such as power supplies, transformers, motors, electrical equipment and other equipment with low standby power.• It can be applied to power measurement conforms to IEC 62301• It can be applied to assess the power consumption of product design. |

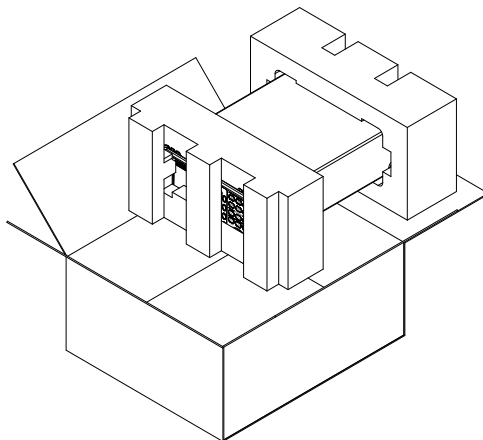
Accessories

| Standard Accessories | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Part number | Description |
| | 82PM-83100E01 | User Manual CD |
| | 82GW1SAFE0M01 | Safety Instruction Sheet |
| | Region dependent | Power Cord |
| | GTL-209 | Test leads: 1x red, 1x black |
| | GTL-212 | Test leads: 1x yellow, 1x blue |
| Optional Accessories | | |
| | Part number | Description |
| | GPM-001 | Test Fixture |
| | GTL-234 | RS232C cable |
| | GTL-246 | USB cable |
| | GTL-248 | GPIB cable |
| | GCP-300 | Current Probe |
| | GRA-422 | Rack Adapter Panel (19", 2U) |
| Option | | |
| | Name | Description |
| | Opt.01 | DA4 (Factory installed) |

Package Contents

Check the contents before using the instrument.

Opening the box

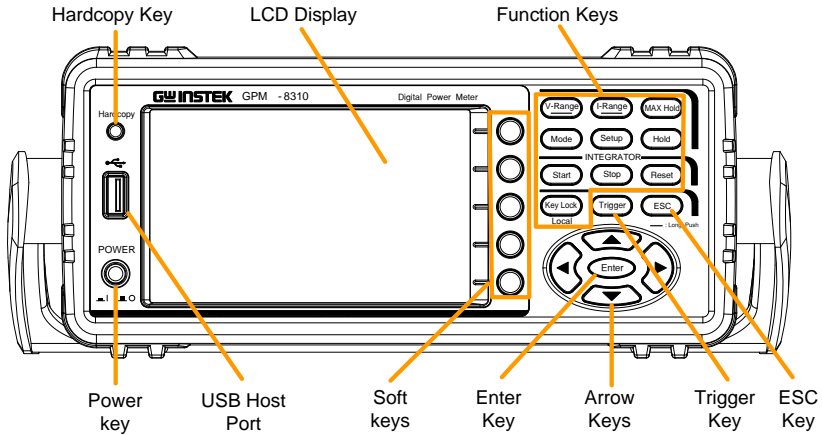


Contents
(single unit)

- Main unit
- Test leads (red x1, black x1, yellow x1, blue x1)
- Power cord x1 (region dependent)
- User manual CD
- Safety instruction sheet

Appearance



Front Panel



Power Key

POWER



Turns On  or Off  the main power. For the power up sequence, see page 26.

USB Host Port




Connects with USB flash drive for data storage or screenshot.




Hardcopy Key


Hardcopy







Captures the current screenshot or saves the data log for reading. For details, refer to page 67.


Function Keys  V-Range key, up/down arrow keys and Enter key can be used together to select a voltage range or auto range measurement mode. Also, press and hold the V-Range key to toggle between manual and auto range setting. See page 29.







 I-Range key, up/down arrow keys and Enter key can be used together to select a current range or auto range measurement mode. Also, press and hold the I-Range key to toggle between manual and auto range setting. See page 29.









 Press this button to display the maximum measurement reading. See page 89.


 Press this key to select measure mode (DC/AC/AC+DC/V-MEAN). See page 90.


 Press this key to enter the measurement settings menu. See page 33.


 Press this key to switch window and stop refreshing. See page 89.


   Use the left and right arrow keys to select Integrator mode, and press Enter button to enter the time integrator function. See page 91.





| | | |
|--|---|--|
| |  | <p>Press this key to toggle to key lock. In Remote control mode, press this button to switch to local mode. See page 90.</p> |
|--|---|--|

| | | |
|-----------|---|--|
| Enter Key |  | <p>This button is used to enter the menu, confirm the settings and switch between the standard display mode and simple display mode (no function table and display icon). See page 89.</p> |
|-----------|---|--|

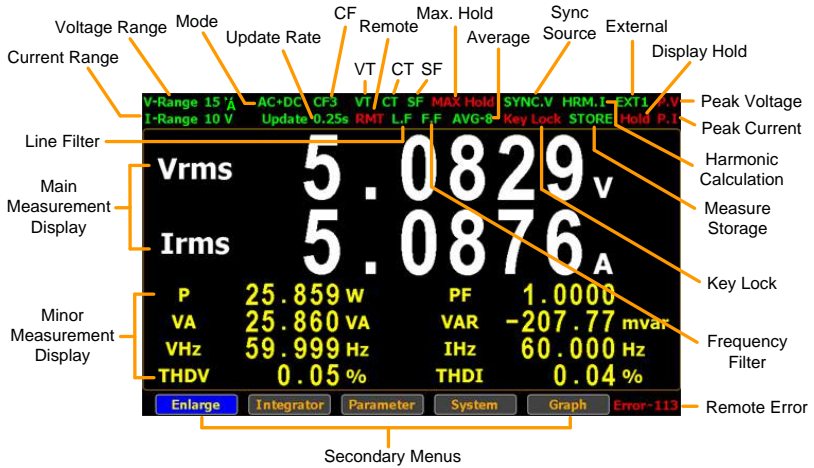
| | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| Trigger key |  | <p>Activates the Trigger function. See page 89.</p> |
|-------------|---|---|

| | | |
|---------|---|--|
| ESC Key |  | <p>Press this button to cancel the current setting. The cursor returns to the default position or return to the previous menu according to the situation. See page 90.</p> |
|---------|---|--|

| | | |
|------------|---|---|
| Arrow Keys |  | <p>This four arrow keys are used to edit the parameters, browse the menu system and select the parameter range.</p> |
|------------|---|---|

| | | |
|-----------|---|--|
| Soft Keys |  | <p>The 5 soft keys have varied functions from the OSD (On-Screen Display) options, individually, per different settings. In addition, from the main display, the 5 soft keys act like shortcuts leading to the 5 secondary menus, for which refer to the page 21. The mapping sequence is from top to bottom of soft keys corresponding to from left to right of secondary menus. For instance, the top soft key enables shortcut to the far left secondary menu (Enlarge) directly.</p> |
|-----------|---|--|

Main Display Overview



| Item | Status icon | Description |
|------------------|-------------|--|
| Voltage Range | V-Range 15V | Voltage measurement range. Example here range is 15V. V-Auto means that Voltage Auto Range is turned on. |
| Current Range | I-Range 5A | Current measurement range. Example here range is 5A. I-Auto means that Current Auto Range is turned on. |
| Mode | AC+DC | Measurement mode (AC, DC, AC+DC, V-MEAN) |
| Date Update Rate | Update 0.1s | Data update rate (0.1/0.25/0.5/1/2/5/10/20/Auto) |
| Crest Factor | CF3 | Crest Factor (3/6/6A) |

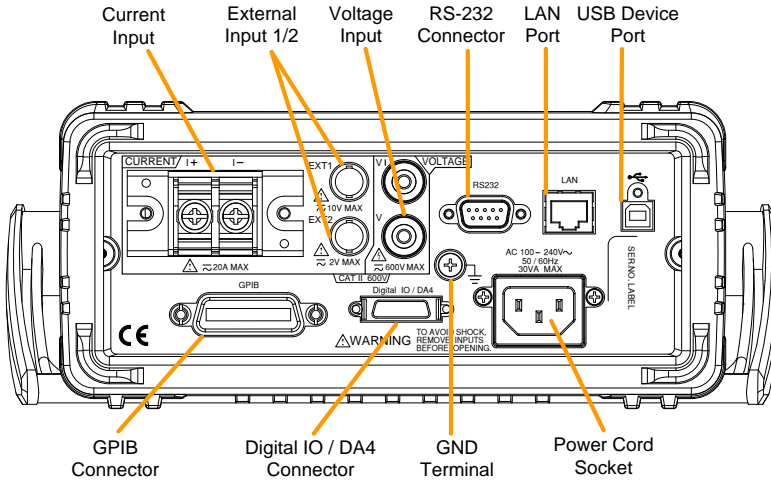
| | | |
|----------------------|-----------|---|
| VT Ratio State | VT | External voltage magnification (On/Off) |
| CT Ratio State | CT | External current magnification (On/Off) |
| Power Ratio State | SF | External power magnification (On/Off) |
| Remote | RMT | Remote control mode (On/Off) |
| Line Filter | L.F | Voltage and current filters (On/Off) |
| Frequency Filter | F.F | Frequency filters (On/Off) |
| Maximum Hold | MAX Hold | Retain and display the maximum measurement reading. |
| Average | AVG-8 | Average number of sampling (8/16/32/64) |
| Sync Source | SYNC.V | Synchronization source (V/I/Off) |
| Keyboard Lock | Key Lock | Lock Key button |
| Harmonic Calculation | HRM.I | Harmonic calculation method (IEC/CSA/Off) |
| Measure Storage | STORE | Measured data storage (On/Off) |
| External Input | EXT1 | External signal input function (Ext1/Ext2/Off) |
| Display Hold | Hold | Retain and display the current measurement reading. |
| Peak Voltage | P.V | The voltage exceeds the measurement range |
| Peak Current | P.I | The current exceeds the measurement range |
| Remote Error | Error-XXX | An error occurs in remote command |

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Standard Display Mode | Display the measurement result of 2 major and 8 minor measurement parameters |
|-----------------------|--|

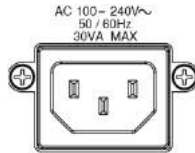
| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Simple Display Mode | Display the measurement result of 4 major measurement parameters |
|---------------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Secondary menus | Display secondary function menu |
| • Enlarge | This function key is used to switch display of measurement result from 2 major plus 8 minor to 4 major ones. |
| • Integrator | This function key is used to set up integrator measurement parameters and execute integrator measurement function. |
| • Parameter | This function key is used set up measurement parameters. |
| • System | This function key is used to enter the system setting and system configuration screens. |
| • Graph | This function key is used to set up graph measurement settings and execute measurement in the intuitive graph displays. |

Rear Panel

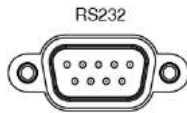


Power Cord Socket



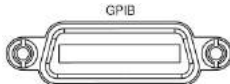
Connects the power cord.
AC 100~240V $\pm 10\%$,
50/60Hz

RS232 Connector



Accepts an RS-232C cable for remote control; DB-9 male connector. For remote control details, see page 138.

GPIB Connector

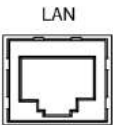


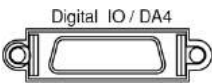
Accepts an optional GPIB card for remote control. For GPIB details, see page 140.

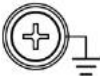
USB Device Port

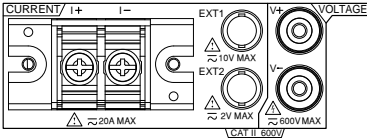



Accepts a USB device cable for remote control; Type B, female connector. For remote control details, see page 137.

LAN Port  Accepts a LAN for remote control. For remote control details, see page 142.

Digital IO / DA4 Connector  Accepts a digital I/O cable for signal output; SCSI 26 pin, female connector. For digital I/O details, see page 122

GND Terminal  Connects the GND (ground) terminal to the earth ground.

Voltage/Current input terminal  Voltage/Current input terminals is used to connect the main measurement signals.

External Input 1/2  Connects output signal to the EXT1 terminal which receives up to 10V, or the EXT2 terminal that receives at the maximum of 2V. See page 59 for setting.

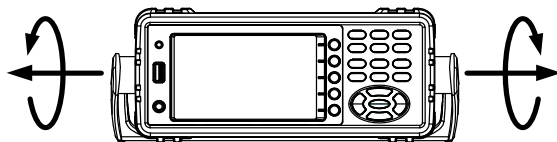


Warning

- Do not use damaged device. Before using the equipment, check its housing first to sure there is no any cracks. Do not operate this device in an environment containing explosive gases, steam or dust.
- The maximum measurable current and voltage are 600 V and 20A for voltage and current terminals of the rear panel of the GPM-8310. Do not input exceeded voltage and current, otherwise it will burn the device.
- The maximum input voltage are 10 V and 2V for EXT1 and EX2 terminals of the rear panel of the GPM-8310. Do not input exceeded voltage, otherwise it will burn the device.
- Always use the supplied cable for connection.
- Before connecting the device, observe all the safety symbols marked on the device.
- Turn off the power to the device and the application system before connecting I/O terminals.
- Do not install replacement parts on the device or perform any unauthorized modifications.
- Do not use this device if the removable cover is removed or loosened.
- Do not connect any cables and terminals before performing self-test.
- Use only the power adapter supplied by the manufacturer to avoid accidental injury.
- Do not use this device for life support systems or any other equipment that has safety requirements.

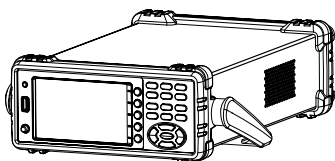
Set Up

Tilting the Stand



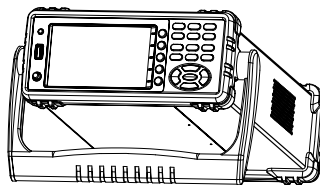
Pull out the handle sideways and rotate it clockwise for the several applications listed below.

Horizontal



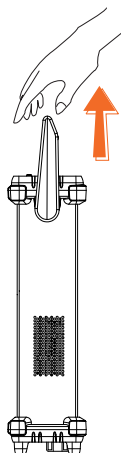
Place the unit horizontally.

Tilt



Rotate the handle for tilt stand.

Vertical

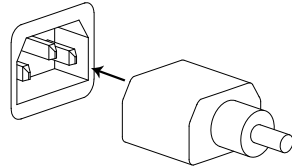


Place the handle vertically for hand carry.

Power Up

Steps

1. Ensure the AC voltage is 100~ 240V.
2. Connect the power cord to the AC voltage input.



Note

Make sure the ground connector on the power cord is connected to a safety ground. This will influence the measurement accuracy.

3. Push to turn on the main power switch on the front panel.

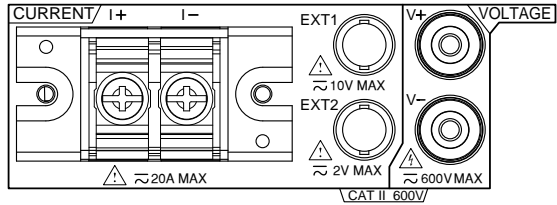


4. The display turns on and shows the last function that was used before the power was reset.

Connect the wires to the GPM-8310

Background Two separate wires is used to connect the GPM-8310, so voltage and current measurement are isolated and don't interfere with each other.

Connection diagram







- | | |
|--------------------|--|
| Description | <p>V + The positive voltage input (+), 600V for input on the rear panel.</p> <p>V - The negative voltage input (-), 600V for input on the rear panel.</p> <p>I + The positive current input (+), 20A for input on the rear panel.</p> <p>I - The negative current input (-), 20A for input on the rear panel.</p> <p>EXT1 The external 1 voltage input, 10V for input on the rear panel.</p> <p>EXT2 The external 2 voltage input, 2V for input on the rear panel.</p> |
|--------------------|--|

BASIC SETTING

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Setting up measurement range

To get the accurate measurement results, you should set an appropriate measurement range before you perform measurement task.

- Set voltage range
1. Press **V-Range** button. The V-Range field turns to bluish. 
 2. Use up and down arrow keys to select the desired range. 

 3. Press **Enter** button to confirm your selection. 



- Available range
- Crest Factor **AUTO, 15V, 30V, 60V, 150V, 300V, 600V**
is 3:
- Crest Factor **AUTO, 7.5V, 15V, 30V, 75V, 150V, 300V**
is 6/6A:

- Set current range
1. Press **I-Range** button. The I-Range field turns to bluish. 

- Use up and down arrow keys to select the desired range.



- Press **Enter** button to confirm your selection.



| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Available range | Crest Factor is 3: AUTO, 5mA, 10mA, 20mA, 50mA, 100mA, 200mA, 0.5A, 1A, 2A, 5A, 10A, 20A |
| | Crest Factor is 6/6A: AUTO, 2.5mA, 5mA, 10mA, 25mA, 50mA, 100mA, 250mA, 0.5A, 1A, 2.5A, 5A, 10A |



Note

When it is under the manual setting ranging from 5mA to 200mA, the manual range adjusts to auto range automatically if input current exceeds 700mA.



Note

When the measurement range is set manually, if the range status icon lights in green means that the measured value meets the setting range. On the contrary, If the range status icon lights in red means that the measured value doesn't meet the best setting range. In this case. It is better to switch to other range to get more accurate measurement results.



Note

The P.I status icon lights in red when the current measurement circuit detects that the measured value exceeds setting range by 3 folds (CF is set to 3) or 6 folds (CF is set to 6/6A).



Note

The P.V status icon lights in red when the voltage measurement circuit detects that the measured value exceeds setting range by 3 folds (CF is set to 3) or 6 folds (CF is set to 6/6A).

Auto Range

The range is automatically switched according to the voltage and current of input signal.

Range is shift up

The range is shifted up when either of the following conditions is met.

- Vrms or Irms exceeds the measurement range by 130% at CF 3/6.
 - Vrms or Irms exceeds the measurement range by 260% at CF 6A.
 - The Vpk or Ipk value of the input signal exceeds the current setting range by 300% at CF 3.
 - The Vpk or Ipk value of the input signal exceeds the current setting range by 600% at CF 6/6A.
-

Range is shift down

The range is shifted down when all of the following conditions are met.

- Vrms or Irms is equal to or less than the measurement range by 30% at CF 3/6/6A.
- Vrms or Irms is equal to or less than the next lower measurement range by 125% at CF 3/6/6A.
- The Vpk or Ipk value of the input signal is equal to or less than the next lower measurement range by 300% at CF 3.
- The Vpk or Ipk value of the input signal is equal to or less than the next lower measurement range by 600% at CF 6/6A.

Example



To begin with, the measured Irms value is within the current range of I-Auto 20mA.











The measured Irms (27.194mA) exceeds the I-Auto 20mA by 130%, so the range is shifted up to 50mA automatically.



The measured Irms (3.9994mA) is less than 30% of the I-Auto 20mA, so the range is shifted down to 10mA automatically.

Setting up measurement status

Setting up synchronization source





- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Sync Source field. |  |
| | 4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |      |



- | | | |
|--------|------------|--|
| Option | V | Select the voltage of signals as synchronization source. The SYNC.V status icon, for example, on the display lights up in green when V is selected for sync source. |
| | I | Select the current of signals as synchronization source. |
| | Off | Select the entire interval of data updating period as synchronization source. |

Default value **V**

Setting up line filter





- | | | |
|-------|---|--|
| Steps | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Press Setup button. 2. Press Enter button. 3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Line Filter field. 4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |     |
|-------|---|--|



- | | |
|--------|--|
| Option | <p>On Turn on the line filter function, which is inserted into voltage and current measurement input circuits and affects voltage, current as well as power measurements without high frequency components included within measured values. The L.F status icon on the display lights up in green.</p> <p>Off Turn off the line filter function. The cutoff frequency is 500Hz.</p> |
|--------|--|

Default value **Off**

Setting up frequency filter










- | | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Frequency Filter field. |  |
| | 4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | |
|--------|--|
| Option | <p>On Turn on the frequency filter function, which is inserted into frequency measurement input circuit and affects frequency measurements with high frequency components included within measured values. The F.F status icon on the display lights up in green.</p> <p>Off Turn off the frequency filter function. The cutoff frequency is 500Hz.</p> |
|--------|--|

Default value **Off**

Setting up crest factor





- | | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Press Setup button. 2. Press Enter button. 3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Crest Factor field. 4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |          |
|-------|--|---|



- | | |
|--------|---|
| Option | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3 Crest Factor is 3. 6 Crest Factor is 6. 6A Crest Factor is 6A where input range of measurement range will be extended and greater than 6. This is practical for restraining from frequent range changes while measuring, under auto range, a distorted waveform. |
|--------|---|

| | |
|---------------|----------|
| Default value | 3 |
|---------------|----------|





Setting up auto-zero function

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Auto Zero field. |  |
| | 4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | |
|---------------|--|
| Option | <p>On Auto-zero function is activated once per hour or when range is switched.</p> <p>Off Auto-zero function is only activated once when the range is switched. The auto-zero function is turned off when the integrator function is executed.</p> |
| Default value | Off |


Setting up method of calculating harmonics

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Harmonics field. |  |
| | 4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | |
|--------|---|
| Option | <p>IEC Calculate the ratio of harmonic quantity of the 2nd through the upper limit 50th harmonic to the 1st harmonic. The HRM.I status icon, for example, on the display lights up in green when IEC is selected for harmonics.</p> <p>CSA Calculate the ratio of harmonic quantity of the 2nd through the upper limit 50th harmonic to the 1st through the 50th harmonic.</p> <p>Off Turn off the harmonic calculation function.</p> |
|--------|---|

Default value **IEC**





- | | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 5. Press right arrow key to move cursor to Order field. |  |
|-------|--|---|

6. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the order number.



| | | |
|---------------|------|---|
| Option | 1-50 | Set the upper limit of measured harmonic order within the range from 1 to 50. |
| Default value | 50 | |


Setting up data update rate

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Data Update Rate field. |  |
| | 4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. Press the “ More ” soft keys to toggle among pages for further options. |  |



- | | |
|--------|--|
| Option | <p>0.1s/0.25s/0.5s/1s/2s/5s/10s/20s Measured value is updated in accordance with the designated time interval. The Update 5s status icon, for example, on the display lights up in green when 5s option is selected.</p> <p>Auto Data is only updated when a set period (Time Out) of the input waveform is detected.</p> |
|--------|--|

Default value **0.25s**

- | | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 5. When Auto is selected, press right arrow key to move cursor to Time Out field. |  |
|-------|--|---|

6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.






| | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| Option | 1s/5s/ 10s/20s | Time Out period acts like the time limit for detecting a period of the input waveform. |
| Default value | 1s | |




Note

Time Out function is only available when Auto is selected for Data Update Rate.

Setting up measure storage

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Measure Storage field. |  |


 **Note** Measure Storage function is Not available when Auto is selected for Data Update Rate.

4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



- | | |
|--------|---|
| Option | <p>On All measured date will be stored to the internal memory by designated time interval for repeating the storage operation. The STORE status icon, for example, on the display lights up in green when Measure Storage function is turn on.</p> <p>Off Turn off the measure storage function.</p> |
|--------|---|

Default value **Off**

- | | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Interval field. |  |
|-------|--|---|

6. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the interval.



Option The setting range for Interval is from 00:00:00 to 99:59:59.

Default value **00:00:00**








Note

When it is set 00:00:00, the interval for measure storage will be synchronized with the designated Data Update Rate.

Storage stops in the following circumstances:

- When data has been stored to all blocks, Normal measure data can be stored 10000 blocks and Normal with Harmonic data can be stored 1000 blocks.
- When the storage setting is set to Off (while storage is in progress)
- If you press the HOLD key to hold the display while storage is in progress, the measurement operation and the storage interval time counter are held (paused), which causes the storage operation itself to be held. If integration is in progress, this instrument continues measurement and integration in the background.


Setting up average function

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Average soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the State field. |  |
| | 5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | | |
|--------|------------|--|
| Option | On | Turn Average function On for either Linear or Exponential averages of numeric data. It is particularly practical for large changes in load or power of low input signal frequency. |
| | Off | Turn off Average function. |

Default value **Off**

- | | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Type field. |  |
|-------|--|---|

- Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



| | | |
|--------|-----------------|--|
| Option | Linear | With the designated linear count, it is used to compute linear averages. |
| | Exponent | With the specified attenuation count, numeric data will be averaged exponentially. |

Default value **Linear**

- Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Count** field.








- Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



| | | |
|--------|-------------------|---|
| Option | 8/16/32/64 | It includes 8, 16, 32 and 64 for exponentially attenuation count and linearly average count. The AVG-8 status icon, for example, on the display lights up in green when 8 is selected for average. |
|--------|-------------------|---|

Default value **8**


Setting up the voltage and current skipping configuration

- | | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press V / I Range soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Mode field. |  |
| | 5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | |
|--------|--|
| Option | Menu When user is configuring range setting, the measured data will Not be displayed. |
| | Quick The measured data will be displayed simultaneously while measurement range is being switched by user. This is practical for frequent switch of measurement range. |

Default option **Menu**

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Skipping Config field. |  |
|-------|---|---|

- Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



Option **On** It is able to skip certain measurement range(s) that are not used by turning on this feature. It can reduce measured data loss which happens while ranges are switched.

Off Turn off the function.

Default option **Off**

- Press down arrow key to move cursor to each field of both **V-Range** and **I-Range**.



- Use soft keys to enable or disable the skipping function for each range.



Option **On** The box of range will be checked when the range is enabled for skipping function.

Off The range is disabled for skipping function.

Default option **Off**

Steps

10. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Peak Over** field for V-Range and I-Range, respectively.



11. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. Press the **More** soft key to toggle among pages for Peak Over of V-Range and I-Range.



Option

When the occurrence of peak over-range happens in Auto range mode, user is able to define a measurement range to switch to. The available options for each mode are listed below.

When it is under CF3 mode for V-Range.

Off/15V/30V /60V/150V/300V/600V

When it is under CF6/6A mode for V-Range.

Off/7.5V/15V /30V/75V/150V/300V

When it is under CF3 mode for I-Range.

Off/5mA/10mA/20mA/50mA/100mA/200mA/0.5A /1A/2A/5A/10A/20A

When it is under CF6/6A mode for I-Range.

Off/2.5mA/5mA/10mA/25mA/50mA/100mA/250 mA/0.5A/1A/2A/5A/10A






Default option **Off**



Note

The available options for Peak Over field are limited within the selected options from the V-Range and I-Range sections above.



Setting up the skipping configuration for external

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press V / I Range soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Skipping Config field. |  |
| | 5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | | |
|--------|------------|---|
| Option | On | It is able is skip certain measurement range(s) that are not used by turning on this feature for external input. It can reduce measured data loss which occurs while ranges are switched. |
| | Off | Turn off the function. |

Default option **Off**

- | | | |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|
| Steps | 6. Press ESC button. |  |
| | 7. Press External soft key. |  |

8. Press **Enter** button.



9. Press down arrow key to move cursor to each field of either **External Sensor 1** or **External Sensor 2**.



10. Use soft keys to enable or disable the skipping function for each range.



| | |
|--------|---|
| Option | <p>On The box of range will be checked when the range is enabled for skipping function.</p> <p>Off The range is disabled for skipping function.</p> |
|--------|---|

| | |
|----------------|------------|
| Default option | Off |
|----------------|------------|

Steps 11. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Peak Over** field for External Sensor 1 or External Sensor 2, respectively.



12. Use soft keys to select and confirm desired option. Press **More** soft key to toggle among pages for Peak Over of Ext-1 and Ext-2, respectively.



Option When the occurrence of peak over-range happens in Auto range mode for external input, user is able to define a measurement range to switch to. The available options for each mode are listed below.

When it is under CF3 mode for External Sensor 1.

Off/2.5V/5V/10V

When it is under CF6/6A mode for External Sensor 1.

Off/1.25V/2.5V/5V

When it is under CF3 mode for External Sensor 2.

Off/50mV/100mV/200mV/500mV/1V/2V

When it is under CF6/6A mode for External Sensor 2.

Off/25mV/50mV/100mV/250mV/0.5V/1V






Default option **Off**



Note

- The available external is based on which external sensor input is enabled beforehand. Be aware that it requests to enable either Ext1 or Ext2 prior to enabling the skipping config for external.
- The available options for Peak Over field are limited within the selected options from the External Sensor 1 and External Sensor 2 sections above.


Setting up the VT ratio state

- | | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Ratio soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the VT Ratio State field. |  |
| | 5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | |
|--------|--|
| Option | On Turn on the VT (Voltage Transformer) ratio calculation function and the VT status icon on the display lights up in green. |
| | Off Turn off the VT ratio calculation function. |

Default option **Off**

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Ratio field. |  |
|-------|---|---|






7. Use soft keys to increase or decrease coefficient of VT ratio.



Option The setting range for VT Ratio is from 0000.001 to 9999.999.

Default value **0001.000**


Setting up the CT ratio state

- | | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Ratio soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the CT Ratio State field. |  |
| | 5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | |
|--------|--|
| Option | On Turn on the CT (Current Transformer) ratio calculation function and the CT status icon on the display lights up in green. |
| | Off Turn off the CT ratio calculation function. |

Default option **Off**

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Ratio field. |  |
|-------|---|---|






7. Use soft keys to increase or decrease coefficient of CT ratio.



Option The setting range for CT Ratio is from 0000.001 to 9999.999.

Default value **0001.000**

Setting up the power ratio state

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Ratio soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Power Ratio State field. |  |
| | 5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | |
|----------------|---|
| Option | On Turn on the power ratio calculation function and the SF status icon on the display lights up in green. |
| | Off Turn off the power ratio calculation function. |
| Default option | Off |

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Ratio field. |  |
|-------|---|---|






7. Use soft keys to increase or decrease coefficient of power ratio.



Option The setting range for power ratio is from 0000.001 to 9999.999.

Default value **0001.000**

Setting up the external sensor input terminal

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press External soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the External Sensor State field. |  |
| | 5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



- | | |
|--------|---|
| Option | <p>Ext1 Turn on the Ext1 terminal function that receives voltage up to 10V including shunts and clamps from external output current sensor for measurement and the EXT1 status icon on the display lights up in green.</p> <p>Ext2 Almost identical with the Ext1, the Ext2 terminal receives up to 2V voltage and the EXT2 status icon on the display lights up in green when it is enabled.</p> <p>Off Turn off the external sensor input and return to current input terminal.</p> |
|--------|---|

Default option **Off**

- Steps
6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to either **Ext1 Ratio (V/A)** or **Ext2 Ratio (mV/A)** field.
 7. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the conversion ratio of either Ext1 or Ext2.









Option The setting range for both Ext1 and Ext2 is from 0000.001 to 9999.999.

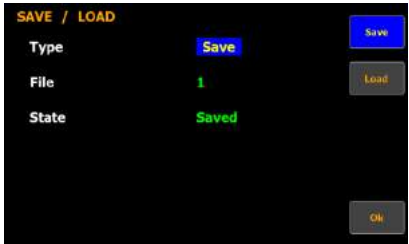
Default value Ext1 **0001.000**
 Ext2 **0010.000**



In order to enable range skipping configuration for external (page 50), it is required to enable external input function first.


Saving and loading the setup parameters

| | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Page 1/2 soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press Save Load soft key. |  |
| | 4. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Type field. |  |
| | 6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired action. |  |



| | | |
|--------|-------------|---|
| Option | Save | Select Save to store setup parameters into the internal memory. |
| | Load | Select Load to recall setup parameters back from the internal memory. |

Default option **Save**

| | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to File field. |  |
|-------|--|---|





8. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired memory set followed by clicking **Ok** soft key to confirm the Save or Load action.



Option **1 - 4** There are 4 sets of internal memories for saving and loading setup parameters. The **State** field below indicates the status of selected memory set. Free represents the set is empty without saved parameters, whereas Saved indicates the set has been stored with setup parameters.

Default option **1**

Setting up the D/A output configuration

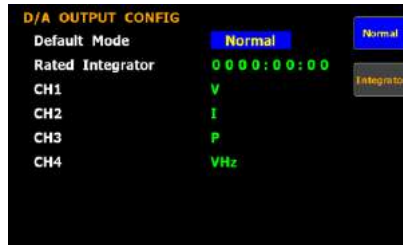
- | | | |
|-------|------------------------------------|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Page 1/2 soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press D/A soft key. |  |
| | 4. Press Enter button. |  |

Note Since the DA4 connector is an optional accessory, if it is not available on your unit, the D/A soft key will be disabled in grey color as the figure below shown.



- | | |
|--|---|
| 5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Default Mode field. |  |
|--|---|

- Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



Option **Normal** The D/A output parameters for each channel will be changed to the default setting of Normal mode as follows.

| | |
|--------------------|---------------|
| Normal Mode | Default value |
| CH1 | V |
| CH2 | I |
| CH3 | P |
| CH4 | VHz |

Integrator The D/A output parameters for each channel will be changed to the default setting of Integrator mode as follows.

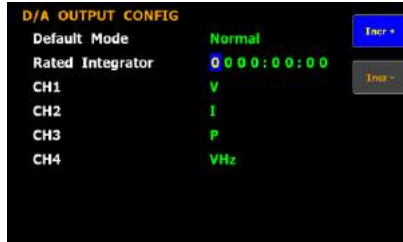
| | |
|------------------------|---------------|
| Integrator Mode | Default value |
| CH1 | P |
| CH2 | WP |
| CH3 | q |
| CH4 | VHz |

Default option **Normal**

- Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Rated Integrator** field.



8. Use soft keys to increase or decrease time for rated integrator.



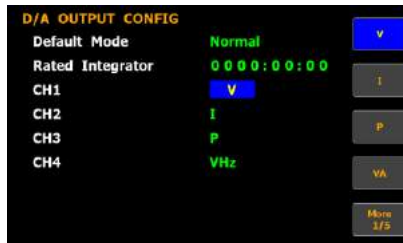
Option In the integrated values of D/A output, GPM-8310 presumes a rated value is received continuously over the designated time to be 100%, and assigns the value to 5V. The setting range for time of rated integrator is from 0000:00:00 to 9999:59:59. When the time is set 0000:00:00, D/A output value will be 0V.

Default value 0001.00:00

9. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **CH1**, **CH2**, **CH3**, **CH4** field, respectively.



10. Use soft keys to select and confirm desired option. Press **More** soft key to toggle among pages for options.









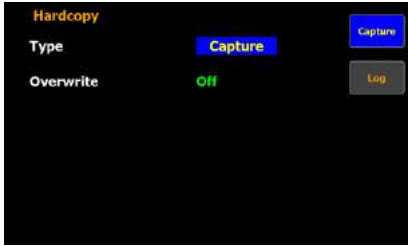
Option It is available to designate the following output items for each output channel.

V Voltage

| | |
|------------|----------------------|
| I | Current |
| P | Active power |
| VA | Apparent power |
| VAR | Reactive power |
| PF | Power factor |
| DEG | Phase angle |
| VHz | Voltage frequency |
| IHz | Current frequency |
| VpK | Voltage peak |
| IpK | Current peak |
| WP | Total watt hour |
| WP+ | Positive watt hour |
| WP- | Negative watt hour |
| q | Total ampere hour |
| q+ | Positive ampere hour |
| q- | Negative ampere hour |
| Off | 0V D/A Output |


Setting up the hardcopy and log configuration

| | | |
|-------|--|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Page 1/2 soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press Hardcopy soft key. |  |
| | 4. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Type field. |  |
| | 6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



| | | |
|--------|----------------|--|
| Option | Capture | Select Capture to save screenshot file into the inserted USB disk. |
| | Log | Select Log to save data log file into the inserted USB disk. |

Default option **Capture**

| | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Overwrite field. |  |
|-------|---|---|







8. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired action.

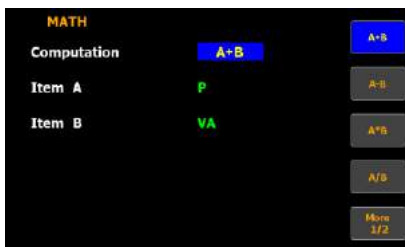


| | | |
|--------|------------|---|
| Option | On | Turn on overwrite function so that the existed file within the USB disk will be overwritten when saving action is executed. |
| | Off | By turning off overwrite function, a new saved file will be created and saved into the USB disk when executing saving action. |

Default option **Off**

Setting up the MATH configuration

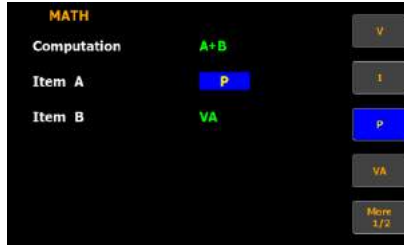
- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Setup button. |  |
| | 2. Press Page 1/2 soft key. |  |
| | 3. Press MATH soft key. |  |
| | 4. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 5. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the Computation field. |  |
| | 6. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |  |



| | | |
|--------|--|--|
| Option | <p>A+B, A-B, A*B, A/B, A/B², A²/B</p> | <p>Up to 6 computations (A+B, A-B, A×B, A÷B, A²÷B, A÷B²), which are based on the four elementary arithmetic (addition, subtraction, multiplication and division), can be executed by GPM-8310 with 2 select items out of 5 variables (V, I, P, VA, VAR). The result of computation will be a value without unit.</p> |
|--------|--|--|

Default option **A/B**

- Steps
7. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Item A** field.
 8. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



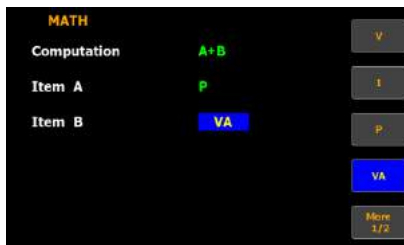
| | | |
|----------------|-----|----------------|
| Option | V | Voltage |
| | I | Current |
| | P | Active power |
| | VA | Apparent power |
| | VAR | Reactive power |
| Default option | V | |

Steps

9. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Item B** field.



10. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



Option

- V** Voltage
- I** Current
- P** Active power
- VA** Apparent power
- VAR** Reactive power

Default option

I

Setting up System status

System information screen

Steps

1. Use left and right arrow keys on the front panel to select **System** function key.



2. Press **Enter** button to Enter **SYSTEM INFORMATION** screen where detailed information including Model, Serial Number, MCU/FPGA Version and MAC Address of the unit is displayed.



3. Press **Enter** button.



4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Calibration Password** field.



- Use soft keys along with left and right arrow keys to input the password followed by pressing **Enter** button twice to enter the Calibration page.



Default option **99999**



Refer to qualified technician and service manual for the calibration procedure.

System configuration screen

Steps

- Use left and right arrow keys on the front panel to select **System** function key.
- Press **Enter** button to Enter SYSTEM INFORMATION screen.



3. Press **Config** soft key to Enter **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen.



Setting up power on status

Background Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.
2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Power On Status Setup** field.
3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.







Option

- Previous** The status of unit on powering on is set to the status before the last shutdown.
- Default** The status of unit on powering on is set to the factory default status.

Default value

Default

Setting up brightness

| | | |
|----------------|--|---|
| Background | Continue the following setting from SYSTEM CONFIG setting screen | |
| Steps | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Press Enter button. 2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Brightness field. 3. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the brightness level |    |
| |  | |
| Option | 1 - 10 | The display is the darkest when set to 1. On the contrary, it turns out the brightest when set to 10. |
| Default option | 7 | |

Setting up key sound

Background Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.
2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Key Sound** field.
3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



Option

- On** A short sound is heard from speaker of unit when pressing the keys on the front panel.
- Off** No sound from speaker of unit when pressing the keys on the front panel.

Default option

Off

Setting up remote interface

Background Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

Steps

1. Press **Enter** button.
2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **I/O Model** field.
3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option.



Option

RS232 If interface is set to RS232, the **Baud Rate** and the **Terminator** fields can be selected. For details about configuring RS 232 interface, please see page 138.



USB For details about configuring USB interface, please see page 137.







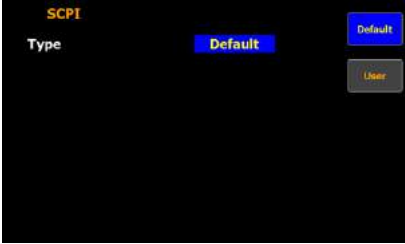
GPIB If interface is set to GPIB, the **GPIB Address** can be selected from "1" to "30". Please see page 140 for details.



LAN If interface is set to LAN, the IP model is can be selected from "Manual" and "DHCP". For details about configuring LAN interface, please see page 142.



Setting up SCPI identity

| | | |
|---------------|---|--|
| Background | Continue the following setting from SYSTEM CONFIG setting screen | |
| Steps | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Press SCPI soft key to enter SCPI setting screen. 2. Press Enter button. 3. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Type field. 4. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |     |
| |  | |
| Option | <p>Default The return message in remote control returns the default manufacturer, model number, serial number, among other info.</p> <p>User User-defined manufacturer, model number and so forth will be returned for remote control mode.</p> | |
| Default value | Default | |

M EASUREMENT AND OTHER FUNCTIONS

| | |
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Measurement function

The GPM-8310 provides a wide range of basic electricity and power measurement functions. It equips with different accurate measurement parameters for accurately measuring the voltage, current, power, DC/AC/AC + DC/V-MEAN, power factor, harmonics, frequency, etc. The input impedance of the device is $2M\Omega$, the maximum input voltage is $600V_{rms}$. There are 2 sets of internal resistance (Shunt), $500m\Omega$ and $5m\Omega$ respectively. Also, there are 2 external current input terminals (EXT1, EXT2). The maximum input current is $20A_{rms}$. The device will issue a warning sound when the input voltage and current exceed $850 V_{rms}$ or $28.5A_{rms}$.

Introduction to measurement parameters



| Parameter name | Display icon |
|----------------|----------------------|
| Voltage | Vac (AC) |
| | Vdc (DC) |
| | Vrms (AC+DC) |
| | Vmn (V-MEAN) |
| Current | Iac (AC) |
| | Idc (DC) |
| | Irms (AC+DC, V-MEAN) |
| Active Power | P |

| | |
|---|------------|
| Apparent Power | VA |
| Reactive power | VAR |
| Power Factor | PF |
| Phase Angle | DEG |
| Frequency | IHz, VHz |
| Voltage Peak | V+pk, V-pk |
| Current Peak | I+pk, I-pk |
| Active Power Peak | P+pk, P-pk |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THDI, THDV |
| Crest factor | CFV, CFI |
| Mathematical Computation | MATH |
| Maximum Current Ratio (Crest Factor(CFI) / Power Factor) | MCR |

Setting measurement parameters

Steps

1. Use left and right arrow keys on the front panel to select **Parameter** function key.



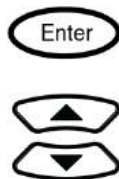
2. Press **Enter** button. The 1st measurement parameter will be highlighted in green.



3. Press up, down, left and right arrow keys to select other desired measurement parameter.



4. Press **Enter** button followed by using up and down arrow keys to switch display options for the selected measurement parameter.

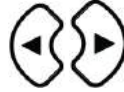


5. User is able to apply the previous same process for each measurement parameter. There are up to 2 major and 8 minor measurement parameters to be switched.

Changing the standard and simple display modes

Steps

1. In the standard display mode, use left and right arrow keys on the front panel to select **Enlarge** function key.



2. Press **Enter** button to switch display to simple mode.



The simple mode covers 4 major measurement parameters deriving from the top 4 parameters of standard mode as shown below.



3. Press ESC button to return back to original display mode.










Other functions

Introduction to other functions



| Function name | Button | Description |
|---------------|--------|-------------|
|---------------|--------|-------------|

| | | |
|----------|---|---|
| MAX Hold |  | <p>When the MAX Hold button is pressed, the MAX Hold status icon will light in red in the LCD display to indicate that this function is activated. To deactivate this function, press this button again.</p> <p>If the MAX Hold function is activated, the display value on the display is updated only when the current measured value is greater than the previous measured value. The maximum display value is retained on the display. Only the following parameters are available for MAX Hold function: V, I, P, S, Q, V+pk, V-pk, I+pk, I-pk, P+pk, and P-pk.</p> |
| Enter |  | <p>This button is used to select function or confirm selection.</p> |
| Hold |  | <p>When the Hold button is pressed, the Hold status icon will light in red in the LCD display to indicate that this function is activated. To deactivate this function, press this button again.</p> <p>When the Hold function is activated, the displayed value on the LCD display is not updated and the range is locked. Measurement is performed in the background.</p> |
| Trigger |  | <p>Press the Trigger button when Hold function is activated to update displayed value to the latest status once in accordance with the Data Update Rate period.</p> |

| | | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| ESC |  | This button is used to exit current screen or return to the main measurement screen. |
| Local/ Key Lock |  | Dual function key. When Remote mode is activated, press this button to deactivate Remote mode and switch to Local mode. When Remote mode is not activated, this button is used as lock key of keypad. |
| Mode |  | <p>Press the Mode button to select measurement mode. There are 4 measurement modes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• AC+DC: Displays all the components of measurement signal.• DC: Displays the DC part of the measurement signal.• AC: Displays the AC part of the measurement signal.• V-MEAN: Displays the voltage rectified as a mean value that is calibrated to RMS value. The value is same with those obtained from RMS mode when sine waves are measured, but it is different when DC or distorted waves are measured. |

Integration measurement function

Setting up Integrator measurement

Steps

1. Use left and right arrow keys on the front panel to select **Integrator** function key.



2. Press **Enter** button to enter the integrator measurement screen.



3. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Set** key.



Select integrator measurement mode

4. Press **Enter** button to enter integrator measurement setting screen.



- Press **Enter** button to enter **Mode** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between Manual, Standard and Continuous mode. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



If you select **Manual** mode, the Set time become disable and displayed in gray.



If you select **Standard** or **Continuous** mode, you need to set integrator measurement time before using integrator function. It can be set from 1 second to 9999 hours, 59 minutes and 59 seconds.



When the Set Time is zero, neither Standard mode nor Continuous mode can be executed.

Select integrator measurement function

6. Press down arrow key to move to **Function** field in the integrator measurement setting screen.



7. Press **Enter** button to enter **Function** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between Ampere Hours and Watt Hours. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



If you select **Ampere Hours**, the measured value in the bottom half section will be displayed in “q”.



If you select **Watt Hours**, the measured value in the bottom half section will be displayed in “WP”.



- Select integrator measurement parameter
8. Press down arrow key to move to the bottom half section where measured values are displayed.



9. Press **Enter** button to enter the 1st minor parameter followed by using up and down arrow keys to switch to preferred measurement parameter. Press **Enter** button again to confirm the selection.



Press left or right arrow keys to move to the 2nd minor parameter followed by using the steps above to select a preferred parameter.



Introduction to integrator parameters

| Parameter name | Description |
|----------------|-------------|
|----------------|-------------|

- | | |
|------|---|
| Mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Standard It allows user to define a period of Set Time for integrator measurement, which ranges from 1 second to 9999 hours, 59 minutes and 59 seconds. Manual User is not able to define a Set Time. The integrator measurement will be running constantly till Stop button is pressed by user. Continuous Partly identical with the Standard mode, the integrator measurement runs for a cycle of the Set Time and repeats the cycle indefinitely until Stop button is pressed by user. |
|------|---|

- | | |
|----------|---|
| Function | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Watt Hours WP: Total power WP+: Positive total power WP-: Negative total power P(avg): Average power |
|----------|---|



- | | |
|--|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ampere Hours q: Total mAh q+: Positive total mAh q-: Negative total mAh q(avg): Average current |
|--|--|



| | |
|-----------|---|
| Test time | It indicates that elapsed time of integrator measurement. |
|-----------|---|

Set time It indicates the time of integrator measurement to be set. It can be set from 1 second to 9999 hours, 59 minutes and 59 seconds.



State

- **Running** Integrator measurement is in progress.



- **Stop** Integrator measurement has been stopped manually.



- **Timeout** The time for running integrator measurement is up.



- **Reset** The integrator measurement status is cleared.



Measured value parameters

For Watt Hours

Positive total power: **WP+**
 Negative total power: **WP-**
 Average power: **P(avg)**
 Voltage: **Vdc** (DC voltage), **Vac** (AC voltage),
Vrms (AC+DC voltage), **Vmn** (Voltage mean)
 Current: **Idc** (DC current), **Iac** (AC current), **Irms**
 (AC+DC current)



For Ampere Hours

Total mAh: **q**
 Positive total mAh: **q+**
 Negative total mAh: **q-**
 Average Current : **q(avg)**
 Voltage: **Vdc** (DC voltage), **Vac** (AC voltage),
Vrms (AC+DC voltage), **Vmn** (Voltage mean)
 Current: **Idc** (DC current), **Iac** (AC current), **Irms**
 (AC+DC current)



Using the integrator function

Manual mode

1. In manual mode, you can directly press the **Start** button in the front panel to start integrator function.



2. To stop integration function, press the **Stop** button in the front panel.



3. Press the **Reset** button in the front panel to clear integrator.



- Standard mode
1. Set integrator measurement time before using integrator function.
 2. Other steps are same as running in manual mode.

When integrator performing, the test time will increase until the setting integrator measurement time.



- Continuous mode
1. Set integrator measurement time before using integrator function.
 2. Other steps are same as running in manual mode.

When integrator performing, the test time will increase until the setting integrator measurement time (a cycle) and repeat the cycle indefinitely until the Stop button is pressed by user.





Note

- In the integration process, select the **Measure** key and press **Enter** button to return main measurement screen. Select **Integrator** key and press **Enter** button to switch back to integration measurement screen.
- In the integration process, you can Not change measurement range and enter system to set measurement parameters.
- In the integration process, if the voltage or current measurement value exceeds, the measured value will display in red. However, it will not turn out red color when Auto Range is activated.

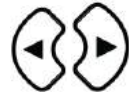
Graph measurement function

The GPM-8310 provides the professional graph measurement function via which user can have a well grip over fluctuations of measured values in waveform and harmonic in bar and list graphs in a friendly user interface. It is available, under the graph mode, to adjust both voltage and current ranges in real time and change the display modes along with relevant parameters with ease.

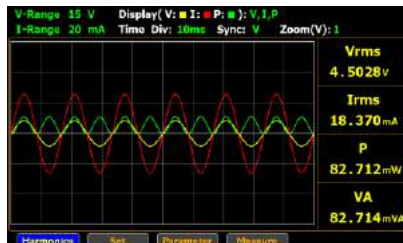
Setting up waveform graph measurement

Steps

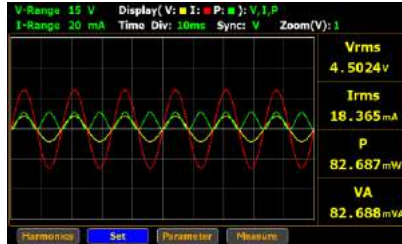
1. Use left and right arrow keys on the front panel to select **Graph** function key.



2. Press **Enter** button to enter the Waveform graph display screen in which the measured values are displayed in distinctive waveforms.

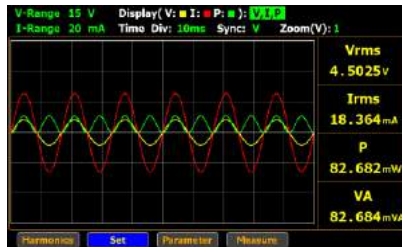


3. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Set** key.

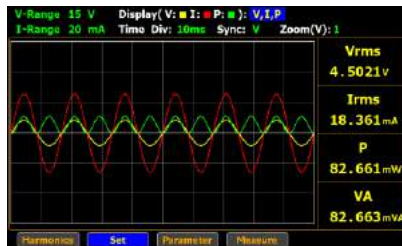


Select waveform display mode

4. Press **Enter** button to enter waveform setting section.



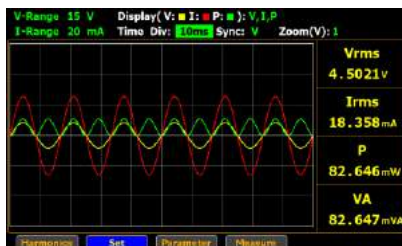
5. Press **Enter** button to enter **Display** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



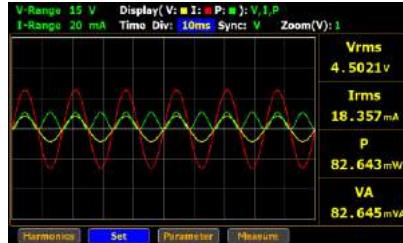
| | |
|--------|--|
| Option | <p>V, I, P Three items including the measured voltage, current and power are displayed in waveforms of different colors (V: yellow, I: red, Power: green) within the waveform chart.</p> <p>V, I Two items including the measured voltage and current are displayed in waveforms of different colors (V: yellow, I: red) within the waveform chart.</p> <p>V Only the measured voltage in the waveform of yellow color is displayed within the chart.</p> <p>I Only the measured current in the waveform of red color is displayed within the chart.</p> <p>P Only the measured power in the waveform of green color is displayed within the chart.</p> |
|--------|--|

Default option **V, I, P**

Select waveform display time division 6. Press down arrow key to move to **Time Div** field in the waveform setting section.



- Press **Enter** button to enter **Time Div** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



| | | |
|--------|---|--|
| Option | 25us, 50us, 100us, 250us, 500us, 1ms, 2.5ms, 5ms, 10ms, 25ms, 50ms, 100ms, 250ms, 500ms, 1s | The diversified time units allow user to customize a preferred waveform graph display. In theory, shorter the measured period, smaller the time unit is fitting. In contrast, longer the measured period, greater the time unit is suitable. Select a proper option per varied measurements. |
|--------|---|--|

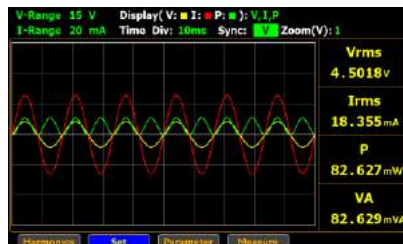
| | |
|----------------|-----|
| Default option | 5ms |
|----------------|-----|



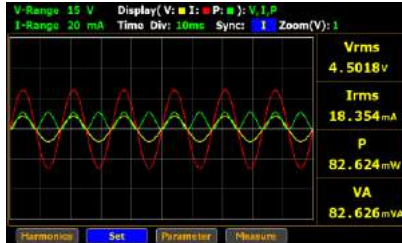
Note

The available options for Time Div vary per set Update Time. Refer to page 109 for correlations.

- Select waveform display sync source
- Press right arrow key to move to **Sync** field in the waveform setting section.



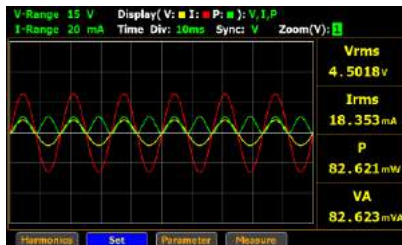
- Press **Enter** button to enter **Sync** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



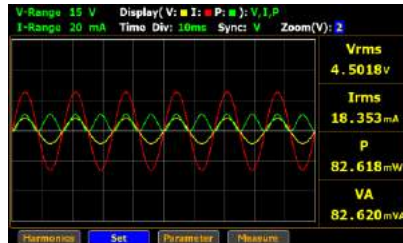
- | | |
|--------|--|
| Option | V Select the voltage of signals as synchronization source. I Select the current of signals as synchronization source. Off Select the entire interval of data updating period as synchronization source. |
|--------|--|

Default option **V**

- | | |
|--|---|
| Select waveform display zoom magnification | 10. Press right arrow key to move to Zoom (V) field in the waveform setting section. |
|--|---|



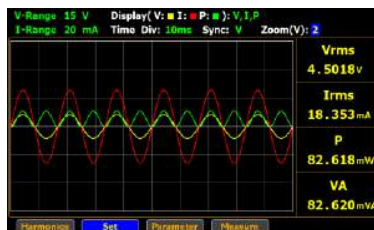
11. Press **Enter** button to enter **Zoom (V)** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



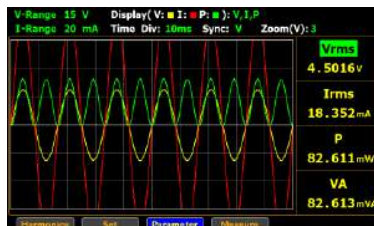
Option **1, 2, 3** The varied zoom magnifications allow user to customize a preferred waveform graph display. In theory, narrower the measured value, greater the zoom magnification is suitable. In contrast, wider the measured value, smaller the zoom magnification is fitting. The 1 stands for the standard magnification and the 3 represents the highest zoom magnification.

Default option **1**

Zoom 1:



Zoom 3:



Frequency over limit

When frequency of either voltage or current is beyond the limit, which varies per set Time Div, the warning message in the upper-right corner will be shown to alarm user as the figures below.

F_V_O:
Frequency Voltage Over



F_I_O:
Frequency Current Over



F_V_I_O:
Frequency Voltage & Current Over



Correlation of Limit Frequency, Time Div and Update Time

| Time Division | Update Time | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|------|--------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | 0.1 | 0.25 | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 20 |
| 1s | | | | | | | | • |
| 500ms | | | | | | | | • |
| 250ms | | | | | | | • | • |
| 100ms | | | | | | • | • | • |
| 50ms | | | | | • | • | • | • |
| 25ms | | | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 10ms | | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 5ms | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 2.5ms | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 1ms | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 500us | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 250us | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 100us | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 50us | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| 25us | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Limit Frequency | 10kHz | 5kHz | 2.5kHz | 1kHz | 500Hz | 250Hz | 100Hz | 50Hz |

Take few examples below that derive from the table above for further descriptions.

- When Update Time is set 20s, the range of Time Div is from 5ms to 1s and the available Frequency is up to 50Hz.
- When Update Time is set 0.1s, the range of Time Div is from 25us to 5ms and the available Frequency is up to 10kHz.
- The maximum frequency for Graph mode is up to 10kHz.
- When the measured frequency of either voltage (VHz) or current (IHz) surpasses the available frequency, which is based on the set Time Div, the warning message will be shown accordingly.



Note

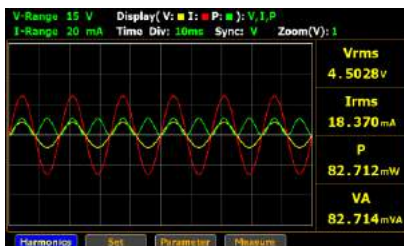
Setting up waveform graph parameter

Steps

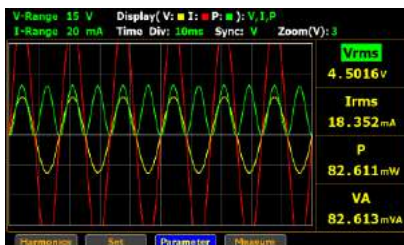
1. Use left and right arrow keys on the front panel to select **Graph** function key.



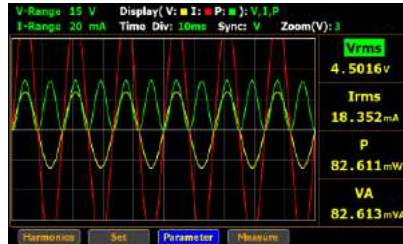
2. Press **Enter** button to enter the Waveform graph display screen.



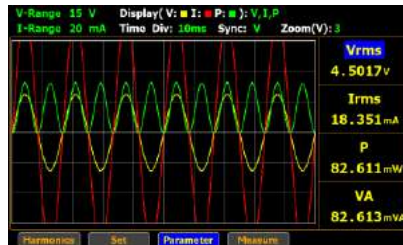
3. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Parameter** key.



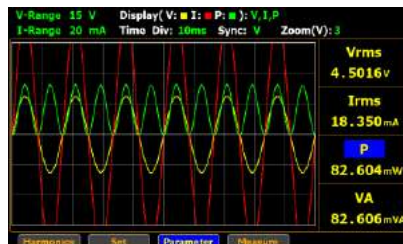
4. Press **Enter** button to enter parameters setting section.



5. Press **Enter** button to enter the 1st parameter. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to the 2nd parameter and repeat the above steps to set up. Also, repeat the same steps for the 3rd and 4th parameters.



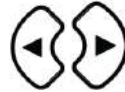
| | | |
|--------|---------------------------|--|
| Option | Voltage | Vac (AC) Vdc (DC) Vrms (AC+DC) Vmn (V-MEAN) |
| | Current | Iac (AC) Idc (DC) Irms (AC+DC, V-MEAN) |
| | Active Power | P |
| | Apparent Power | VA |
| | Reactive power | VAR |
| | Power Factor | PF |
| | Phase Angle | DEG |
| | Frequency | IHz, VHz |
| | Voltage Peak | V+pk, V-pk |
| | Current Peak | I+pk, I-pk |
| | Active Power Peak | P+pk, P-pk |
| | Total Harmonic Distortion | THDI, THDV |
| | Crest factor | CFV, CFI |
| | Mathematical Computation | MATH |
| | Maximum Current Ratio | MCR |

Default option Default options are based on the Parameter settings from the standard display mode.

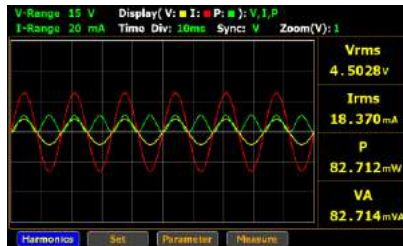
Setting up Harmonics bar graph measurement

Steps

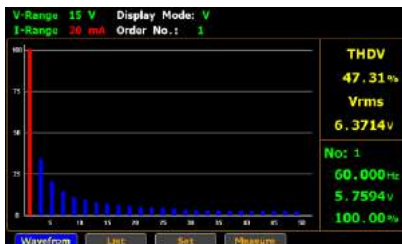
1. Use left and right arrow keys on the front panel to select **Graph** function key.



2. Press **Enter** button to enter the Waveform graph display screen.



- Press **Enter** button to enter Harmonics bar graph display screen where measured values of each harmonic order are shown in the histogram-like bar display.



- Press right arrow key to move cursor to **Set** key.



- Press **Enter** button to enter harmonics bar setting section.



Select harmonics display mode 6. Press **Enter** button to enter **Display Mode** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press **Enter** button again to confirm your selection.



- Option **V** The THDV measured factor will be displayed in the right-side section in yellow and also shown in the left-side bar graph.
- I** The THDI measured factor will be displayed in the right-side section in yellow and also shown in the left-side bar graph.

Default option **V**

Select harmonics display order number 7. Press down arrow key to move to **Order No.** field in the harmonics setting section.



- Press **Enter** button to enter **Order No.** field. Use up and down arrow keys to toggle between options. Press Enter button again to confirm your selection.



Option **1 - 50** Select a measured harmonic order with related values to be displayed in both the right-side section in green and the left-side bar graph. Note that the upper limit of order number is relevant to the Harmonics setting (page 38).

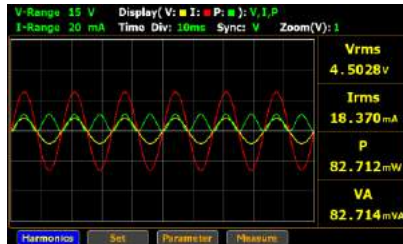
Default option **1**

Setting up Harmonics list graph measurement

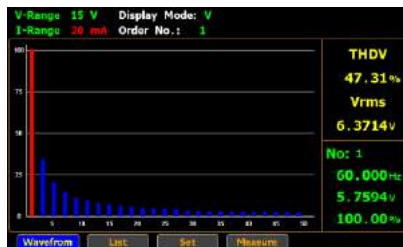
- Steps**
- Use left and right arrow keys on the front panel to select **Graph** function key.



2. Press **Enter** button to enter the Waveform graph display screen.



3. Press **Enter** button to enter Harmonics bar graph display screen.



4. Press right arrow key to move cursor to **List** key.



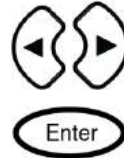
5. Press **Enter** button to enter harmonics list display screen.



| V-Range 15 V | | I-Range 200 mA | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|----------------|--------|----------|-----------|----------|--------|--------|
| PF | 0.9999 | THDV | 0.08% | VHz | 59.999 Hz | | | |
| DEG | -0.7° | THDI | 0.20% | IHz | 59.999 Hz | | | |
| Order | V (V) | I (mA) | P (mW) | V Hdf(%) | I Hdf(%) | P Hdf(%) | V(°) | I(°) |
| Total | 5.0821 | 99.040 | 503.29 | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| 1 | 5.0821 | 99.040 | 503.29 | 100.01 | 100.01 | 100.01 | -0.7 | -0.7 |
| 2 | 0.0016 | 0.0143 | 0.0000 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.01 | -152.3 | -115.5 |
| 3 | 0.0005 | 0.0469 | 0.0000 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 4.2 | 3.9 |
| 4 | 0.0007 | 0.0184 | 0.0000 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | -164.2 | 52.6 |
| 5 | 0.0017 | 0.0310 | 0.0001 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 16.1 | 46.2 |
| 6 | 0.0004 | 0.0288 | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 | -165.6 | -98.2 |
| 7 | 0.0008 | 0.0234 | 0.0000 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 14.3 | -51.7 |

Turn pages of harmonics list

6. Press right and left arrow keys to move cursor to **Up** and **Down** keys. Press **Enter** button for Up and Down keys individually to flip over pages of the harmonics list in which relevant values of each order of harmonics are well displayed. See the section below for descriptions of each item within the list.

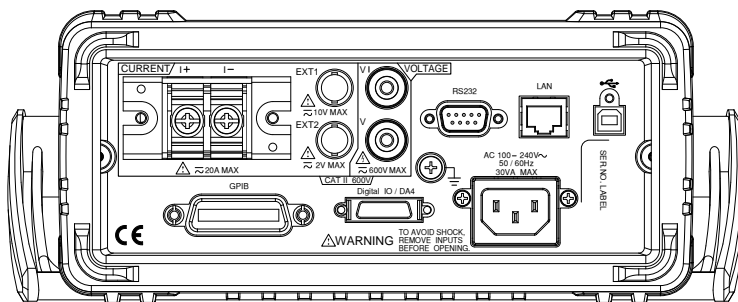


| V-Range 15 V | | I-Range 200 mA | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|----------------|--------|----------|-----------|----------|-------|-------|
| PF | 0.9999 | THDV | 0.08% | VHz | 59.999 Hz | | | |
| DEG | -0.9° | THDI | 0.17% | IHz | 59.999 Hz | | | |
| Order | V (V) | I (mA) | P (mW) | V Hdf(%) | I Hdf(%) | P Hdf(%) | V(°) | I(°) |
| Total | 5.0819 | 99.025 | 503.18 | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| 50 | 0.0003 | 0.0226 | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 43.4 | 85.9 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| V-Range 15 V | | I-Range 200 mA | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|----------------|--------|----------|-----------|----------|--------|--------|
| PF | 0.9999 | THDV | 0.08% | VHz | 59.999 Hz | | | |
| DEG | -0.8° | THDI | 0.20% | IHz | 59.999 Hz | | | |
| Order | V (V) | I (mA) | P (mW) | V Hdf(%) | I Hdf(%) | P Hdf(%) | V(°) | I(°) |
| Total | 5.0816 | 99.025 | 503.16 | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| 8 | 0.0004 | 0.0314 | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.01 | -157.1 | -143.3 |
| 9 | 0.0002 | 0.0222 | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 1.6 | -169.9 |
| 10 | 0.0001 | 0.0309 | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.01 | -174.2 | -171.6 |
| 11 | 0.0008 | 0.0245 | 0.0000 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 20.0 | -117.7 |
| 12 | 0.0003 | 0.0282 | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 | -168.2 | -115.5 |
| 13 | 0.0007 | 0.0283 | 0.0000 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 27.7 | 76.4 |
| 14 | 0.0003 | 0.0234 | 0.0000 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 | -161.2 | 51.6 |

| | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| Items of the list | Order | The harmonic order number |
| | V | RMS voltage value of the harmonic order |
| | I | RMS current value of the harmonic order |
| | P | Active power value of the harmonic order |
| | V Hdf(%) | Voltage harmonic distortion factor of the harmonic order |
| | I Hdf(%) | Current harmonic distortion factor of the harmonic order |
| | P Hdf(%) | Power harmonic distortion factor of the harmonic order |
| | V (°) | The phase difference between the fundamental voltage and the voltage of the harmonic order |
| | I (°) | The phase difference between the fundamental current and the current of the harmonic order |

DIGITAL I/O / DA4



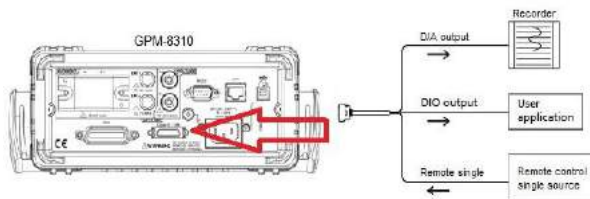
| | |
|---|------------|
| Digital I/O / DA4 Overview | 122 |
| External Remote Control | 124 |
| DA4 Output Function | 125 |
| User / 4094 Mode | 130 |
| User Mode IO (Output) Mode..... | 131 |
| User Mode - Switch Mode (LED) | 132 |
| User Mode - Switch Mode (Relay) | 133 |
| 4094 Mode | 134 |

Digital I/O / DA4 Overview

Background The digital I/O /DA4 port contains up to 3 modes: External Remote Control, DA4 Output Function and User-defined output function, which is divided into User Mode and 4094 Mode individually.

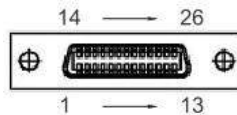
Use the external I/O connector on the rear panel to control the instrument remotely and produce D/A output.

By providing separate VCC power for the terminal, the outputs can also be used as a power source for TTL and CMOS circuits.



Pin Assignment

Connector type: SCSI 26 pin female



| Pin No. | Signal Name | Pin No. | Signal Name |
|---------|--------------------|---------|-----------------|
| 1 | Digital GND | 14 | /Ext Trigger In |
| 2 | /Ext Hold In | 15 | /Ext Stop In |
| 3 | /Ext Start In | 16 | /Integ Busy Out |
| 4 | /Ext Reset In | 17 | +5Vcc Out |
| 5 | Flyback Diode | 18 | Out1/Clock |
| 6 | Out2/Output Enable | 19 | Out3/Strobe |

| | | | |
|----|-------------------|----|---------------|
| 7 | Out4/Serial Input | 20 | Digital GND |
| 8 | No connection | 21 | Digital GND |
| 9 | No connection | 22 | D/A ch4 out |
| 10 | D/A ch3 out | 23 | D/A ch2 out |
| 11 | D/A ch1 out | 24 | D/A GND |
| 12 | D/A GND | 25 | No connection |
| 13 | D/A GND | 26 | No connection |



Note

The Digital GND and D/A GND signals are connected internally.



CAUTION

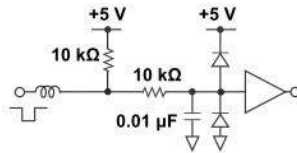
1. Do not apply voltage outside the range of 0 to 5 V to the remote control input pins. Also, do not short the output pins or apply external voltage to them. If you do, the instrument may malfunction.
2. Do not short the D/A output terminal or apply external voltage to it. If you do, the instrument may malfunction.
3. When connecting the D/A output to another device, do not connect the wrong signal pin. Doing so may damage this instrument or the connected instrument.
4. Pin17: VCC output, 5V. It serves as the unregulated max power source for the external device/logic. The maximum current is 100mA.
5. Pin5: Flyback Diode. It connects to VCC or External power source.

External Remote Control

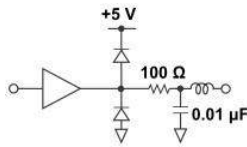
Overview Through external control, you can hold values, perform single measurements, and start, stop, and reset integration.

Remote Control IO Circuit

Input diagram

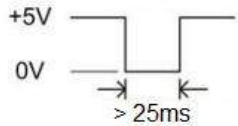


Output diagram

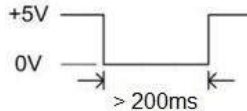


Pulse width timing

Start, Stop, Reset, hold, Trigger



Integ Busy Out



Note

The Integ Busy output signal is set to low level during integration. Use this signal when you are observing integration.

DA4 Output Function

Overview You can output voltage, current, active power, apparent power, reactive power, power factor, phase angle, frequency, voltage peak, current peak, and integrated values using a $\pm 5V$ FS DC voltage.

The output range mode and maximum/minimum value of manual range mode can only be used when using a remote control interface. Likewise this parameter can only be configured via remote control. Please see the commands on page 157 for full usage details.

Output Format You can select a preconfigured output format or configure your own original format.

| Preconfigured Format | Normal | Integrator |
|----------------------|--------|------------|
| | Ch1 | V |
| Ch2 | I | WP |
| Ch3 | P | q |
| Ch4 | VHz | VHz |

Rated Integration Time In the D/A output of integrated values, 5.0 V FS represents the integrated value when the rated range value is applied for the rated integration time. The default setting is 1.00.00 (1 h, 0 min, 0 s).

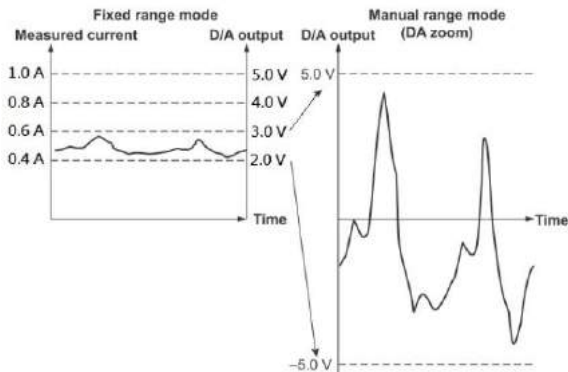
If you set the rated integration time to 0.00.00, the D/A output value will be 0 V.

Output Range Mode The DA4 have two output range mode: Fixed range mode or Manual range mode. The default setting is Fixed.

Fixed (Fixed range mode) When a measurement function's rated value is received, +5V is output.

Manual (Manual range mode) You can set which measurement function values result in a D/A output of -5V, and which result in a D/A output of +5V. By doing so, you can enlarge or reduce (zoom) the D/A output of each channel.

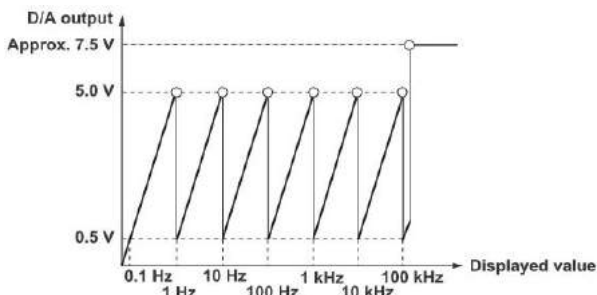
For example, if you are measuring a current that fluctuates between 0.4A and 0.6A with a measurement range of 1A, when the D/A output range mode is Fixed, the D/A output voltage will fluctuate between 2.0V and 3.0V. When you want to observe the fluctuations more closely, you can use the D/A zoom feature. If you set the D/A output range mode to Manual and set the minimum value to 0.4 and the maximum value to 0.6, the instrument will produce -5V when the measured current value is 0.4A and +5V when the measured current value is 0.6A.



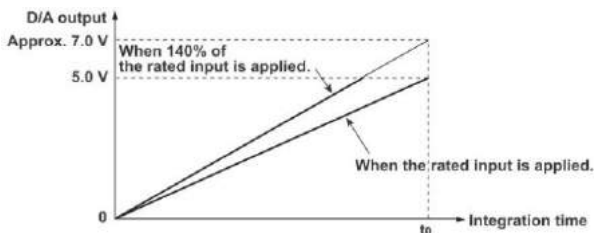
Maximum and Minimum Values in Manual Range Mode The value maximum and minimum is between -9.999E+12 and 9.999E+12.
The default value is 100.0 and -100.0.

Relationship between Output Items and D/A Output Voltage

Frequency

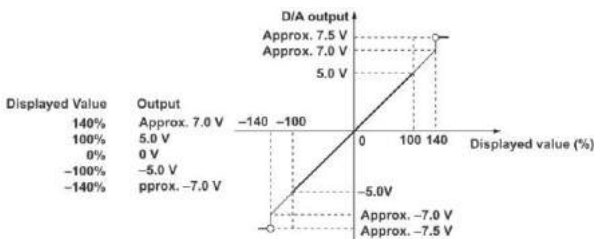


Integrator



t_0 : Rated integration time

Other



Examples of D/A Output **Voltage:**

When the voltage range is set to 150 V and measurement value is 100 V, the output is $100 \text{ V} / 150 \text{ V} \times 5 \text{ V} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.

Frequency:

When the voltage frequency measurement value is 60Hz, the D/A output is $60 \text{ Hz}/100 \text{ Hz} \times 5\text{V} = 3 \text{ V}$.

Power:

When the voltage range is set to 150 V and the current range is set to 2 A, the rated power range is $150 \text{ V} \times 2\text{A} = 300 \text{ W}$.

When the measured power value is 150 W, the output is $150 \text{ W}/300 \text{ W} \times 5\text{V} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.

Integrated Power:

When the voltage range is set to 150 V and the current range is set to 1 A, the rated power range is $150 \text{ V} \times 1\text{A} = 150 \text{ W}$. In manual integration mode, when the rated integration time is set to 1 hour, the rated electrical energy value is $150 \text{ W} \times 1 \text{ h} = 150 \text{ Wh}$.

If you perform integration for 1 hour and the measured electrical energy is 150 W, the D/A output one hour after integration start is +5 V.



Note

1. The range between +5 to +7 V and -5 to -7 V is not output for λ and Φ . When an error occurs, the output is approximately $\pm 7.5 \text{ V}$.
2. For Upk and Ipk, $\pm 5 \text{ V}$ represents the application of 3 times the rated range value (6 times the rated range value when the crest factor is 6 or 6A).
3. Refer to the table below for GPM-8310 DA parameters calculation.

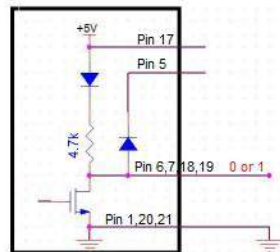
| Item | Calculation | Note |
|------|--|--|
| V | $(X / V_range) * 5V$ | |
| I | $(X / I_range) * 5V$ | |
| P | $(X / V_range * I_range) * 5V$ | |
| VA | $(X / V_range * I_range) * 5V$ | |
| VAR | $(X / V_range * I_range) * 5V$ | |
| PF | $(X / 1.0) * 5V$ | |
| DEG | $(X / 180) * -1 * 5V$ | |
| VHz | $(X / Base_Hz) * 5V$ | For example: Hz = 0.5Hz, Base_Hz = 1Hz Hz = 6Hz, Base_Hz = 10Hz Hz = 50Hz, Base_Hz = 100Hz Therefore, (<0.1Hz = 0V, >110kHz = 7.5V) |
| IHz | $(X / Base_Hz) * 5V$ | |
| Vpk | $(X / (V_range * CF)) * 5V$ | +/- peak (Take the absolute value and output on the basis of the greater value) CF: Crest Factor(3 or 6) |
| Ipk | $(X / (I_range * CF)) * 5V$ | |
| WP | $(X / V_range * I_range) * 5V * (3600 / DA_Time)$ | DA_Time Refer to Setup->D/A->Rated Integrator for details. |
| WP+ | $(X / V_range * I_range) * 5V * (3600 / DA_Time)$ | |
| WP- | $(X / V_range * I_range) * 5V * (3600 / DA_Time)$ | |
| q | $(X / I_range) * 5V * (3600 / DA_Time)$ | |
| q+ | $(X / I_range) * 5V * (3600 / DA_Time)$ | |
| q- | $(X / I_range) * 5V * (3600 / DA_Time)$ | |
| OFF | 0V | |

*Variable Definition: X = measured value

User / 4094 Mode

Overview User (IO) and 4094 mode can only be used when using a remote control interface. Likewise this mode can only be enabled or disabled via remote control. Please see the digital I/O commands on page 160 for full usage details.

Digital IO wiring diagram Pin 6, 7, 18, 19



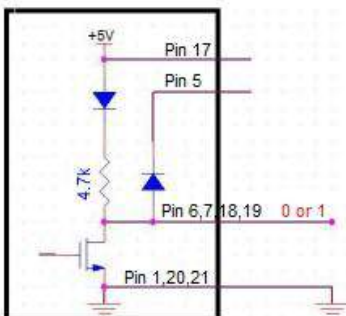
Related Commands AOUTput:DIGital:MODE?
 AOUTput:DIGital:MODE {IO|4094}
 AOUTput:DIGital:SETup (For User Mode)
 AOUTput:DIGital:OUTPut (For 4094 Mode)

User Mode IO (Output) Mode

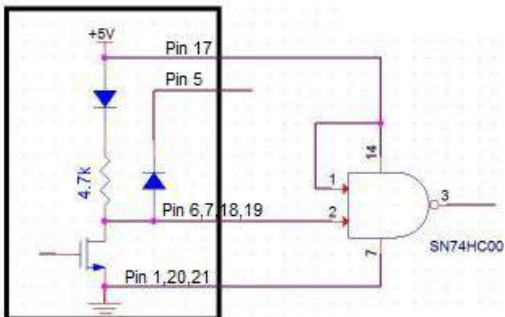
Overview It is the mode utilizing output as general IO (Output) usage with up to 4 pins available for use simultaneously. Refer to the following introductions along with diagrams for more details. Please see the digital I/O commands on page 160 for full usage details.

Related Commands AOUT:DIG:MODE IO (switch to IO mode)
 AOUT:DIG:SET 0,1,1,0
 => OUT1 (Pin18) : +0V
 OUT2 (Pin6) : +5V
 OUT3 (Pin19) : +5V
 OUT4 (Pin7) : +0V

Pin Diagram Use the built-in power supply



Use in conjunction with the logic gate

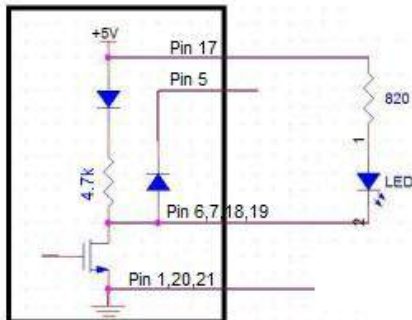


User Mode - Switch Mode (LED)

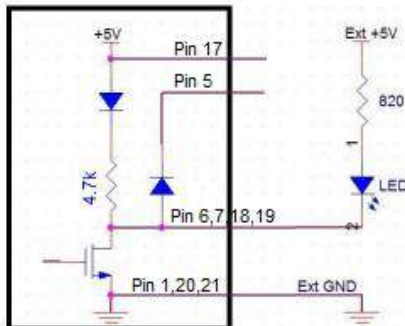
Overview It is the mode driving LED as status display for user with up to 4 pins available for use simultaneously. Refer to the following introductions along with diagrams for more details. Please see the digital I/O commands on page 160 for full usage details.

Related Commands AOUT:DIG:MODE IO (switch to IO mode)
 AOUT:DIG:SET 1,0,0,1
 => OUT1(Pin18) : LED OFF
 OUT2(Pin6) : LED ON
 OUT3(Pin19) : LED ON
 OUT4(Pin7) : LED OFF

Pin Diagram Use the built-in power supply



Use the external power

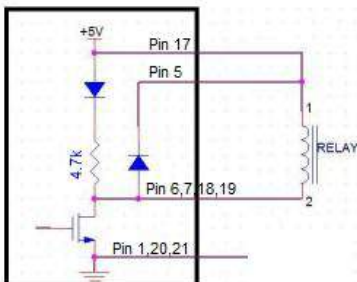


User Mode - Switch Mode (Relay)

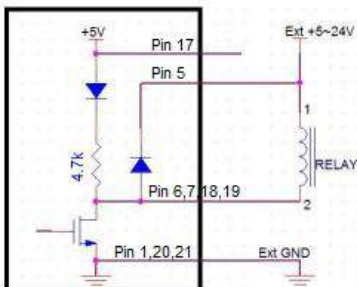
Overview It is the mode driving Relay to control external circuit with up to 4 pins available for use simultaneously. Refer to the following introductions along with diagrams for more details. Please see the digital I/O commands on page 160 for full usage details.

Related Commands AOUT:DIG:MODE IO (switch to IO mode)
 AOUT:DIG:SET 1,0,1,0
 => OUT1 (Pin18) : RELAY ON
 OUT2 (Pin6) : RELAY OFF
 OUT3 (Pin19) : RELAY ON
 OUT4 (Pin7) : RELAY OFF

Pin Diagram Use the built-in power supply which provides the power of maximum 100mA



Use the external power (+5~24V) (Maximum I_{ds} of each channel: 100mA)



4094 Mode

Overview It is the mode for IO expansion via converting serial data into parallel data. Up to 8 pins are available simultaneously when single 4094 is in operation, whereas it rises to the maximum of 16 pins available simultaneously if putting two 4094 in series. Refer to the following introductions along with diagrams for more details. Please see the digital I/O commands on page 160 for full usage details.

Related Commands AOOUT:DIG:MODE 4094 (switch to 4094 mode)

`4094 x 1 (8 Pin)`

AOOUT:DIG:OUTP 10 , 1

=> 4094 Output(Out1~Out8) : 01010000

`4094 x 2 (16 Pin)`

AOOUT:DIG:OUTP 22,0

AOOUT:DIG:OUTP 88,1

=> 4094 Output(Out1~Out8) : 01101000

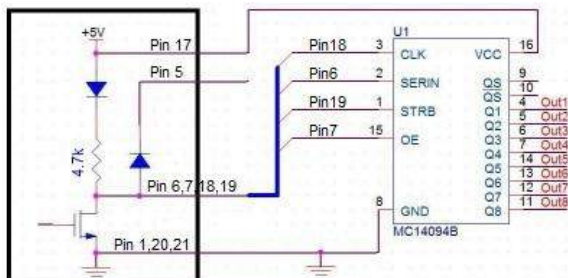
(Out9~Out16): 00011010

Note: 0=> output is Low (+0V)

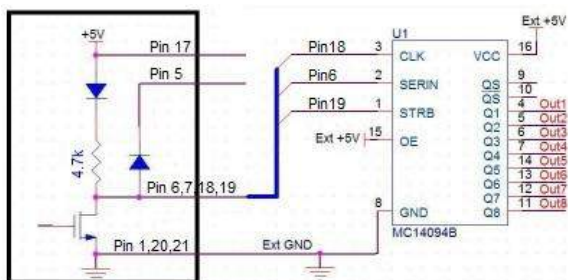
1=> output is High (+5V)

Pin Diagram

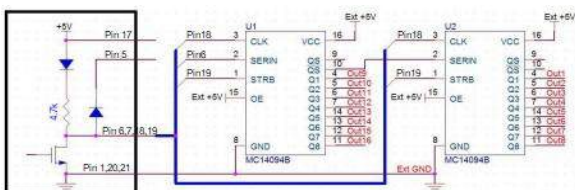
Use the built-in power supply



Use the external power



Method of series



REMOTE CONTROL

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control. For a command list, refer to the Command Overview chapter on page 145.


| | |
|---|------------|
| Configure Remote Control Interface | 137 |
| Configure USB Interface..... | 137 |
| Configure RS232 Interface | 138 |
| Configure GPIB Interface | 140 |
| Configure LAN Interface..... | 142 |
| | |
| Configure EOL Character | 144 |
| | |
| Return to Local Control | 144 |


Configure Remote Control Interface


Configure USB Interface

USB CDC Class Due to the USB port configured to CDC (Communications Device Class) by default, the GPM-8310 will appear as a virtual COM port to a connected PC. Before, hence, using remote control via CDC USB class, install the appropriate CDC USB driver included on the User Manual CD.

Background Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

Steps 1. Press **Enter** button. 

2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **I/O Model** field. 




3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the **USB** option. 




| | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| USB Configuration | PC connector | Type A, host |
| | GPM-8310 connector | Rear panel Type B, slave |
| | Speed | 1.1/2.0 (full speed/high speed) |
| | USB Class | CDC (Communications device class) |
| | Hardware flow control | Off |
| | Data Bits | 8 |
| | Stop bit | 1 |

Configure RS232 Interface

Background Continue the following setting from **SYSTEM CONFIG** setting screen

- | | | |
|-------|---|---|
| Steps | 1. Press Enter button. |  |
| | 2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to I/O Model field. |  |
| | 3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the RS232 option. |  |



- | | |
|---|---|
| 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to Baud Rate field. |  |
| 5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the Baud Rate option. | |



Option **9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200**

Default value **9600**

- Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Terminator** field.



- Use soft keys to select and confirm the **Terminator** option.

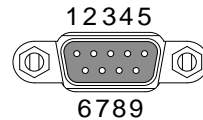


| | | |
|--------|---------------|--|
| Option | CR, LF, CR+LF | Terminator indicates the end of line for return message. |
|--------|---------------|--|

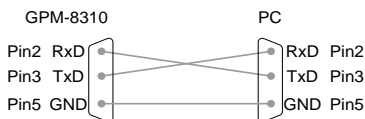
| | |
|---------------|-------|
| Default value | CR+LF |
|---------------|-------|

| | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| RS232 Configuration | Selectable Baud rate | 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 |
| | Parity | None |
| | Hardware flow control | Off |
| | Data Bits | 8 |
| | Stop bit | 1 |








| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| RS232 Pin Assignments | Pin 2: Rx D |
| | Pin 3: Tx D |
| | Pin 5: GND |
| | Pin 1, 4, 6 ~ 9: No Connection |



| | |
|---------------|--|
| PC Connection | Use a Null Modem connection as shown in the diagram below. |
|---------------|--|

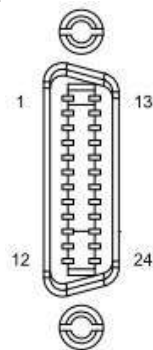


Configure GPIB Interface







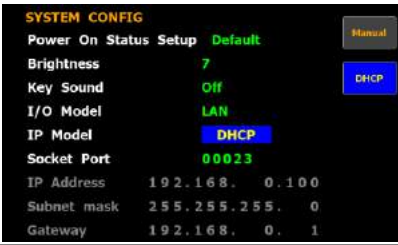
| | | |
|------------|--|---|
| Background | Continue the following setting from SYSTEM CONFIG setting screen | |
| Steps | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Press Enter button. 2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to I/O Model field. 3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the GPIB option. |    |
| |  | |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to GPIB Address field. 5. Use soft keys to increase or decrease to a target GPIB Address. |   |
| |  | |
| Option | The range of GPIB Address is from 1 to 30 . | |

Default option **15**

| | Pin | Signal | Pin | Signal |
|----------------------|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|
| GPIB Pin Assignments | 1 | Data I/O 1 | 13 | Data I/O 5 |
| | 2 | Data I/O 2 | 14 | Data I/O 6 |
| | 3 | Data I/O 3 | 15 | Data I/O 7 |
| | 4 | Data I/O 4 | 16 | Data I/O 8 |
| | 5 | EOI | 17 | REN |
| | 6 | DAV | 18 | Ground (DAV) |
| | 7 | NRFD | 19 | Ground (NRFD) |
| | 8 | NDAC | 20 | Ground (NDAC) |
| | 9 | IFC | 21 | Ground (IFC) |
| | 10 | SRQ | 22 | Ground (SRQ) |
| | 11 | ATN | 23 | Ground (ATN) |
| | 12 | SHIELD Ground | 24 | Single GND |



Configure LAN Interface

| | | |
|------------|---|---|
| Background | Continue the following setting from SYSTEM CONFIG setting screen | |
| Steps | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Press Enter button. 2. Press down arrow key to move cursor to I/O Model field. 3. Use soft keys to select and confirm the LAN option. |    |
| |  | |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Press down arrow key to move cursor to IP Model field. 5. Use soft keys to select and confirm the desired option. |   |
| |  | |
| Option | Manual | Set up IP Address, Subnet mask and Gateway manually. |

DHCP DHCP server automatically assigns IP Address, Subnet mask and Gateway.

Default option **DHCP**


Steps 6. Press down arrow key to move cursor to **Socket Port** field. 


7. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the parameter of Socket Port. 



Option The range of Socket Port is from **00000** to **65535**.

Default option **00023**

Steps 8. When selecting Manual for IP Model, press down arrow key to move cursor to **IP Address, Subnet Mask** and **Gateway** fields, individually. 

9. Use soft keys to increase or decrease the parameters of **IP Address, Subnet Mask** and **Gateway** fields, individually. 

Default option
 IP Address: **192.168.0.100**
 Subnet Mask: **255.255.255.0**
 Gateway: **192.168.0.1**

Configure EOL Character

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | <p>The system config menu can set the EOL(end-of-line) character for return message. (The USB, GPIB and LAN's EOL character is fixed with CR+LF)</p> <p>The EOL characters that can be received from the PC include CR+LF, LF+CR, CR or LF. The most common EOL character is CR+LF.</p> |
|-------------|--|

Return to Local Control

| | |
|------------|--|
| Background | <p>When the unit is in remote control mode, the RMT icon above the main display can be seen. When this icon is not displayed, it indicates that the unit is in local control mode.</p> |
| Procedure | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Press the Local key when in remote mode.2. The unit will go back into local mode and the RMT icon will turn off. |

COMMAND OVERVIEW

The Command overview chapter lists all programming commands in functional order as well as alphabetical order. The command syntax section shows you the basic syntax rules you have to apply when using commands.

Command Syntax

| | | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Compatible Standard | IEEE488.2 SCPI, 1994 | Partial compatibility Partial compatibility |
| Command Structure | <p>SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments) commands follow a tree-like structure, organized into nodes. Each level of the command tree is a node. Each keyword in a SCPI command represents each node in the command tree. Each keyword (node) of a SCPI command is separated by a colon (:).</p> <p>For example, the diagram below shows an SCPI sub-structure and a command example.</p> <div style="text-align: center;"> <pre> graph TD A[":INPut"] --- B[":MODE"] B --- C["DC"] B --- D["AC"] B --- E["ACDC"] </pre> </div> | |
| Command Types | <p>There are a number of different instrument commands and queries. A command sends instructions or data to the unit and a query receives data or status information from the unit.</p> | |

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| | Command types |
| | <p>A single command with/without a parameter</p> <p>Simple</p> <p>Example :INPut:MODE DC</p> |
| | <p>A query is a simple or compound command followed by a question mark (?). A parameter (data) is returned.</p> <p>Query</p> <p>Example :INPut:CFACTOR?</p> |
| Command Forms | <p>Commands and queries have two different forms, long and short. The command syntax is written with the short form of the command in capitals and the remainder (long form) in lower case.</p> <p>The commands can be written either in capitals or lower-case, just so long as the short or long forms are complete. An incomplete command will not be recognized.</p> <p>Below are examples of correctly written commands.</p> |
| | <p>Long form :INPut:SYNChronize VOLTage</p> <p>:COMMunicate:HEADer ON</p> |
| | <p>Short form :INP:SYNC VOLT</p> <p>:COMM:HEAD ON</p> |
| Square Brackets | <p>Commands that contain square brackets indicate that the contents are optional. The function of the command is the same with or without the square bracketed items, as shown below. For example, for the query:</p> <p>[:INPut]:FILTer?</p> <p>Both :INPut:FILTer? and :FILTer? are valid forms.</p> |



1. Command header
2. Space
3. Parameter 1

| Common Input Parameters | Type | Description | Example |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| | <Boolean> | boolean logic | 0, 1 |
| | <NR1> | integers | 0, 1, 2, 3 |
| | <NR2> | decimal numbers | 0.1, 3.14, 8.5 |
| | <NR3> | floating point with exponent | 4.5e-1, 8.25e+1 |
| | <NRf> | any of NR1, 2, 3 | 1, 1.5, 4.5e-1 |
| | [MIN] (Optional parameter) | For commands, this will set the setting to the lowest value. This parameter can be used in place of any numerical parameter where indicated. For queries, it will return the lowest possible value allowed for the particular setting. | |
| | [MAX] (Optional parameter) | For commands, this will set the setting to the highest value. This parameter can be used in place of any numerical parameter where indicated. For queries, it will return the highest possible value allowed for the particular setting. | |

| | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|--|
| Message Terminator (EOL) | Remote Command | Marks the end of a command line. The following messages are in accordance with IEEE488.2 standard. |
|--------------------------|----------------|--|

CR+LF

The most
common EOL
character is
CR+LF

Message
Separator

EOL or ;
(semicolon)

Command Separator

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*CLS

Set →

Description Clears the standard event status register, extended event status register, and error queue.

Syntax *CLS

*ESE

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the ESER (Event Status Enable Register) contents.

Syntax *ESE <NR1>

Query Syntax *ESE?

Parameter/ <NR1> 0~255
Return parameter

Example *ESE 65
 Set the ESER to 01000001
 *ESE?
 ->130
 ESER=10000010

***ESR**

→ **Query**

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Returns and clears the SESR (Standard Event Status Register). |
| Query Syntax | *ESR? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> 0~255 |
| Example | *ESR? ->198 SESR=11000110 |

***IDN**

→ **Query**

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Returns the manufacturer, model number, serial number, and system version of the instrument. |
| Query Syntax | *IDN? |
| Return parameter | <String> |
| Example | *IDN? ->GWInstek,GPM-8310, GXXXXXXXX,V1.00 |

***OPC**

Set →

→ **Query**

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Sets or returns the operation complete bit (bit0) in SERS (Standard Event Status Register) when all pending operations are completed. |
| Syntax | *OPC |
| Query Syntax | *OPC? |
| Return parameter | <NR1>0 Operation isn't completed. <NR1>1 Operation is completed. |
| Example | *OPC? Returns 1. |

***OPT**

→ Query

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Returns the installed option. |
| Query Syntax | *OPT? |
| Return parameter | <String> C1:GBIP C2:RS232 C3:USB Device C7:Ethernet EX1:External Sensor 1(2.5V/5V/10V) EX2:External Sensor 2 (50mV/100mV/200mV/500mV/1V/2V) G5:Harmonic measurement DA4:4 channel D/A output |
| Example | *OPT? ->C1,C2,C3,C7,EX1,EX2,G5,DA4 |

***RST**

Set →

| | |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| Description | Initializes the settings |
| Syntax | *RST |

***SRE**

Set →
→ Query

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or returns SRER (Service Request Enable Register) |
| Syntax | *SRE <NR1> |
| Query Syntax | *SRE? |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <NR1> 0~255 |

Example *SER 7
 Set the the SRER to 00000111
 *SRE?
 ->3
 SRER=00000011

***STB** → Query

Description Returns the SBR (Status Byte Register) contents.

Query Syntax *STB?

Return parameter <NR1> 0~255

Example *STB ?
 ->34
 SBR=00100010

***TRG** Set →

Description Executes single measurement (the same operation as when Trigger is pressed).

Syntax *TRG

AOUTput Commands

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:AOUTput → Query

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Description | Returns all D/A output settings. |
| Query Syntax | :AOUTput? |
| Return parameter | <String> |

:AOUTput[:NORMal]:CHANnel<x> Set → → Query

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Description | Sets or returns a D/A output item. |
| Syntax | :AOUTput[:NORMal]:CHANnel<X> {<Function>[,<Element>]} |
| Query Syntax | :AOUTput[:NORMal]:CHANnel<X>? |

| | | |
|------------------|------------|--|
| Parameter/ | <x> | 1 to 4 (channel) |
| Return parameter | <Function> | U I P S Q LAMBda PHI UPeak IPeak FU FI WH WHP WHM AH WHP AHM NONE |
| | <Element> | 1 (If <Element> is omitted, the element is set to 1) (For the GPM-8310, only set to 1 or omitted) |

Example :AOUTPUT:NORMAL:CHANNEL1 NONE
 Turns D/A channel1 output off (0V)
 :AOUTPUT:NORMAL:CHANNEL1?
 ->:AOUTPUT:NORMAL:CHANNEL1 I,1



:AOUTput[:NORMAl]:IRTime 

Description Sets or returns the rated integration time that is used in the D/A output of the integrated value.

Syntax :AOUTput[:NORMAl]:IRTime {<NRf>,<NRf>,<NRf>}

Query Syntax :AOUTput[:NORMAl]:IRTime?

Parameter/ 1st <NRf> 0~9999(hour)

Return parameter 2nd <NRf> 0~59(minute)

3rd <NRf> 0~59(second)

Example :AOUTPUT:NORMAL:IRTIME 1,1,10
 :AOUTPUT:NORMAL:IRTIME?
 ->:AOUTPUT:NORMAL:IRTIME 1,1,10



:AOUTput[:NORMAl]:MODE<x> 

Description Sets or returns a D/A range mode. (Remote Control Only)

Syntax :AOUTput[:NORMAl]:MODE<x> {FIXEd|MANual}

Query Syntax :AOUTput[:NORMAl]:MODE<x>?

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <x> FIXed MANual | 1 to 4 (channel) Fixed range mode. Manual range mode. |
| Example | :AOUTPUT:NORMAL:MODE1 FIXED :AOUTPUT:NORMAL:MODE1? ->:AOUTPUT:NORMAL:MODE1 FIXED | |
| Note | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FIXed = Fixed range mode (default value) Outputs +5 V when the rated value of each measurement function is received. • MANual = Manual range mode The displayed values of the measurement function when +5 V and -5 V are output as D/A output can be set to any values of your choice. This enables the D/A output to be expanded or reduced for each channel (D/A zoom). | |

:AOUTput[:NORMAl]:PRESet (Set) →

| | | |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Description | Sets the D/A output items to their default values. | |
| Syntax | :AOUTput[:NORMAl]:PRESet {NORMAl INTEGrate} | |
| Parameter | NORMAl | Sets CH1:U, CH2:I, CH3:P, CH4:FU |
| | INTEGrate | Sets CH1:P, CH2:WH, CH3:AH, CH4:FU |
| Example | :AOUTPUT:NORAML:PRESET NORMAL | |

:AOUTput[:NORMAl]:RATE<x> (Set) →
→ (Query)

| | | |
|--------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the maximum and minimum values for when the D/A output is in manual range mode. (Remote Control Only) | |
| Syntax | :AOUTput[:NORMAl]:RATE<x> {<NRF>,<NRF>} | |
| Query Syntax | :AOUTput[:NORMAl]:RATE<x>? | |

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <x> <NRF> | 1 to 4 (channel) -9.999E+12~9.999E+12 |
| Example | :AOUTPUT:RATE1 100,-100 :AOUTPUT:RATE1? ->:AOUTPUT:NORMAL:RATE1 100.0E+00,-100.0E+00 | |
| Note | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When the D/A output is in manual range mode Set the rated value for +5 V output and then that for -5 V output. When the D/A output is in fixed range mode There is no need to set these values. (The values do not affect the output operation.) | |

Set →
 → Query

:AOUTput:DIGital:MODE

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Description | Sets the application mode of digital I/O (Remote Control Only). For details, refer to page 130. | |
| Syntax | :AOUTput:DIGital:MODE {IO 4094} | |
| Query Syntax | :AOUTput:DIGital:MODE? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | IO 4094 | Sets the digital I/O to IO mode. Sets the digital I/O to 4094 (serial to parallel) mode. |
| Example | :AOUTPUT:DIGITAL:MODE IO :AOUTPUT:DIGITAL:MODE? ->:AOUTPUT:DIGITAL:MODE IO | |

Set →

:AOUTput:DIGital:OUTPut

| | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Description | When the 4094 mode (serial to parallel) is selected for digital I/O, make use of this command to set output status. | |
| Syntax | :AOUTput:DIGital:OUTPut {<NR1>,<Boolean>} | |

| | | |
|-----------|--|---|
| Parameter | <NR1> <Boolean> | 0~255 (serial input data) 0,1 (strobe pulse) |
| Example | :AOUTPUT:DIGITAL:MODE 4094 :AOUTPUT:DIGITAL:OUTPUT 10,1 | |

:AOUTput:DIGital:SETup (Set) →

| | | |
|-------------|---|---------------------------|
| Description | When the IO mode is selected for digital I/O, make use of this command to set output status. | |
| Syntax | :AOUTput:DIGital:SETup {<Boolean>} | |
| Parameter | <Boolean> | 0,1 (OUT1,OUT2,OUT3,OUT4) |
| Example | :AOUTPUT:DIGITAL:MODE IO :AOUTPUT:DIGITAL:SETUP 0,1,0,1 Sets OUT1 to low, OUT2 to high, OUT3 to low, OUT4 to high | |

COMMunciate Commands

| | |
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:COMMunicate → Query

Description Returns all communication settings.

Query Syntax :COMMunicate?

Return parameter <String>

Set →

:COMMunicate:HEADer → Query

Description Sets or returns whether headers are attached to query responses.

Syntax :COMMunicate:HEADer {<Boolean>|OFF | ON}

Query Syntax :COMMunicate:HEADer?

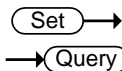
Parameter <Boolean>0 OFF
<Boolean>1 ON

Return parameter 0 Returns without a header.
1 Returns with a header.

Example :COMMUNICATE:HEADER ON
:COMMUNICATE:HEADER?
->:COMMUNICATE:HEADER 1

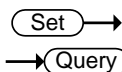
Note Example of a response with a header
 :INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE 150.0E+00
 Example of a response without a header
 150.0E+00

:COMMunicate:LOCKout



| | | |
|------------------|---|------------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns local lockout. | |
| Syntax | :COMMunicate:LOCKout {<Boolean> OFF ON} | |
| Query Syntax | :COMMunicate:LOCKout? | |
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean>1 | ON |
| Return parameter | 0 | Disable the local key. |
| | 1 | Enable the local key. |
| Example | :COMMUNICATE:LOCKOUT ON :COMMUNICATE:LOCKOUT? -> :COMMUNICATE:LOCKOUT 1 | |

:COMMunicate:REMote



| | | |
|--------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the GPM-8310 series to remote or local mode. ON is remote mode. | |
| Syntax | :COMMunicate:REMote {<Boolean> OFF ON} | |
| Query Syntax | :COMMunicate:REMote? | |

| | | |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean>1 | ON |
| Return parameter | 0 | Turn the remote function off. |
| | 1 | Turn the remote function on. |
| Example | :COMMUNICATE:REMOTE ON :COMMUNICATE:REMOTE? ->:COMMUNICATE:REMOTE 1 | |

:COMMunicate:STATus → Query

| | | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Description | Returns and clears the line-specific status.(Only for RS-232) | |
| Query Syntax | :COMMunicate:STATUS? | |
| Return parameter | Bit 0 | Parity error. |
| (each status bit) | Bit 1 | Framing error. |
| | Bit 2 | Noise error Break character detection. |
| | Bit 3 and higher | Always zero. |
| Example | :COMMUNICATE:STATUS? ->0 | |
| Note | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When an event occurs, the corresponding bit is set in the status. • When the bit is read, it is cleared. • Zero is returned for interfaces other than RS-232. | |

Set →

:COMMunicate:VERBose → Query

| | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets or returns whether the response to a query is returned fully spelled out or in its abbreviated form. | |
| Syntax | :COMMunicate:VERBose {<Boolean> OFF ON} | |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Query Syntax | :COMMunicate:VERBose? |
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 OFF |
| | <Boolean>1 ON |
| Return parameter | 0 Turn the verbose function off. |
| | 1 Turn the verbose function on. |
| Example | :COMMUNICATE:VERBOSE ON :COMMUNICATE:VERBOSE? ->:COMMUNICATE:VERBOSE 1 |
| Note | Example of a response fully spelled out :INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE 150.0E+00 |
| | Example of a response in abbreviated form :VOLT:RANG 150.0E+00 |

DISPlay Commands

| | |
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| :DISPlay:INTegrate:ITEM<x> | 168 |
| :DISPlay:PAGE | 169 |

:DISPlay → Query

Description Returns all display settings.

Query Syntax :DISPlay?

Return parameter <String>

:DISPlay:NORMAl → Query

Description Returns all normal measurement data display settings.

Query Syntax :DISPlay:NORMAl?

Return parameter <String>

:DISPlay[:NORMAl]:ITEM<x> Set →
→ Query

Description Sets or returns a normal measurement data display item. Refer to page 82 for details.

Syntax :DISPlay[:NORMAl]:ITEM<x> <Function>[,<Element>]}

Query Syntax :DISPlay[:NORMAl]:ITEM<x>?

| | | |
|------------------|------------|--|
| Parameter/ | <x> | 1 to 10 (display). |
| Return parameter | <Function> | U UPPeak UMPeak IPPeak IMPeak P PPPeak PMPeak S Q LAMBda CFU CFI PHI FU FI UTHD ITHD MATH MCR |
| | <Element> | 1 (If <Element> is omitted, the element is set to 1)(For the GPM-8310, only set to 1 or omitted) |

Example :DISPLAY:NORMAL:ITEM1 U,1
:DISPLAY:NORMAL:ITEM1?
->:DISPLAY:NORMAL:ITEM1 U,1

| <Function> | Function | GPM-8310 Indicator |
|------------|---|--------------------|
| U | Voltage U | [V] |
| UPPeak | Maximum voltage: U+pk | [V+pk] |
| UMPeak | Minimum voltage: U-pk | [V-pk] |
| I | Current I | [I] |
| IPPeak | Maximum current: I+pk | [I+pk] |
| IMPeak | Minimum current: I-pk | [I-pk] |
| P | Active power P | [P] |
| PPPeak | Maximum power: P+pk | [P+pk] |
| PMPeak | Minimum power: P-pk | [P-pk] |
| S | Apparent power S | [VA] |
| Q | Reactive power Q | [VAR] |
| LAMBda | Power factor λ | [PF] |
| CFU | Voltage factor λ | [CFV] |
| CFI | Current factor λ | [CFI] |
| PHI | Phase difference Φ | [DEG] |
| FU | Voltage frequency fu | [VHz] |
| FI | Current frequency fl | [AHz] |
| UTHD | Total harmonic distortion of voltage Uthd | [THDV] |

| | | |
|------|---|--------|
| ITHD | Total harmonic distortion of current Ithd | [THDI] |
| MATH | Mathematical Computation | [MATH] |
| MCR | Maximum Current Ratio | [MCR] |

Set →

→ Query

:DISPlay:INTEgrate:ITEM<x>

| | | |
|------------------|--|---|
| Description | Sets or returns a Integrate measurement data display item. Refer to page 99 for details. | |
| Syntax | :DISPlay:INTEgrate:ITEM<x> <Function>[,<Element>]} | |
| Query Syntax | :DISPlay:INTEgrate:ITEM<x>? | |
| Parameter/ | <x> | 1 to 2(display). |
| Return parameter | <Function> | {WHP WHM WHAVG AHP AHM AHAVG U I} |
| | <Element> | 1 (If <Element> is omitted, the element is set to 1) (For the GPM-8310, only set to 1 or omitted). |

Example :DISPLAY:INTEGRATE:ITEM1 WHP,1
:DISPLAY:INTEGRATE:ITEM1?
->:DISPLAY:INTEGRATE:ITEM1 WHP,1

| <Function> | Function | GPM-8310 Indicator |
|------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| WHP | Positive watt hour WP+ | [WP+] |
| WHM | Positive watt hour WP- | [WP-] |
| WHAVG | Average power | [P(avg)] |
| AHP | Positive ampere hour q+ | [q+] |
| AHM | Positive ampere hour q | [q-] |
| AHAVG | Average current | [q(avg)] |
| U | Voltage U | [V] |
| I | Current I | [I] |

Set →

→ Query

:DISPlay:PAGE

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the display page item. | |
| Syntax | :DISPlay:PAGE {<Function>} | |
| Query Syntax | :DISPlay:PAGE? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <Function> | {MEASurement ENLArge INTEgrator SYSTem_INFO SYSTem_CONFig SETUp AVERage VA_RANGe_CONFig EXT_RANGe_CONFig RATIo EXTernal SAVE_LOAD OPTIon_DA GRAPh HARMonic_GRAPh HARMonic_LIST_GRAPh HARDCOPY SCPI MATH} |
| Example | :DISPlay:PAGE MEASUREMENT :DISPlay:PAGE? ->:DISPlay:PAGE MEASUREMENT | |

HARMonics Command

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| :HARMonics | 170 |
| :HARMonics:DISPlay..... | 170 |
| :HARMonics:DISPlay[:STATe] | 170 |
| :HARMonics:DISPlay:ORDer | 171 |
| :HARMonics:PLLSource | 171 |
| :HARMonics:ORDer | 172 |
| :HARMonics:THD | 172 |

:HARMonics

→ Query

Description Returns all harmonic measurement settings.

Query Syntax :HARMonics?

Return parameter <String>

:HARMonics:DISPlay

→ Query

Description Returns all harmonic measurement display settings.

Query Syntax :HARMonics:DISPlay?

Return parameter <String>

:HARMonics:DISPlay[:STATe]

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the on/off state of harmonic measurement data display.

Syntax :HARMonics:DISPlay[:STATe] {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax :HARMonics:DISPlay[:STATe]?

| | | |
|------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean>1 | ON |
| Return parameter | 0 | Turn the harmonic display off. |
| | 1 | Turn the harmonic display on. |
| Example | : HARMONICS:DISPLAY:STATE OFF : HARMONICS:DISPLAY:STATE? ->:HARMONICS:DISPLAY:STATE 0 | |

Set →
 → Query

:HARMonics:DISPlay:ORDer

| | | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the harmonic order of the harmonic component that is shown in graph->hormoics->bar page for the harmonic measurement data display. | |
| Syntax | :HARMonics:DISPlay:ORDer {<NR1>} | |
| Query Syntax | :HARMonics:DISPlay:ORDer? | |
| Parameter/ | <NR1> | 1 to 50 (harmonic order). |
| Return parameter | | |
| Example | :HARMONICS:DISPLAY:ORDER 1 :HARMONICS:DISPLAY:ORDER? ->:HARMONICS:DISPLAY:ORDER 1 | |

Set →
 → Query

:HARMonics:PLLSource

| | | |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the PLL source. | |
| Syntax | :HARMonics:PLLSource {U1 I1} | |
| Query Syntax | :HARMonics:PLLSource? | |
| Parameter/ | U1 | Select pll source at voltage. |
| Return parameter | I1 | Select pll source at current. |
| Example | :HARMONICS:PLLSOURCE U1 :HARMONICS:PLLSOURCE? ->:HARMONICS:PLLSOURCE U1 | |

Set →

→ Query

:HARMonics:ORDer

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the maximum and minimum harmonic orders that are analyzed. | |
| Syntax | :HARMonics:ORDer {<NRf>,<NRf>} | |
| Query Syntax | :HARMonics:ORDer? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | 1st <NRf> | 1 (minimum harmonic order, fixed at 1) |
| | 2nd <NRf> | 50 (maximum harmonic order) |
| Example | :HARMONICS:ORDER 1,20 :HARMONICS:ORDER? ->:HARMONICS:ORDER 1,20 | |

Set →

→ Query

:HARMonics:THD

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-------|
| Description | Sets or returns the equation used to compute the THD (total harmonic distortion). | |
| Syntax | :HARMonics:THD {TOTal FUNDamental} | |
| Query Syntax | :HARMonics:THD? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | TOTal | (CSA) |
| | FUNDamental | (IEC) |
| Example | :HARMONICS:THD FUNDAMENTAL :HARMONICS:THD? ->:HARMONICS:THD FUNDAMENTAL | |

HOLD Command

:HOLD


Description Sets or returns the on/off state of the output hold feature for display, communication, and other types of data.

Syntax :HOLD {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax :HOLD?

| | | |
|------------------|------------|-----|
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean>1 | ON |

| | | |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Return parameter | 0 | Turn the hold function off. |
| | 1 | Turn the hold function on. |

Example

```
:HOLD OFF
:HOLD?
->:HOLD 0
```

INPut Commands

| | |
|---|-----|
| :INPut..... | 175 |
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:INPut → Query

| | |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Description | Returns all input settings. |
| Query Syntax | :INPut? |
| Return parameter | <String> |

[[:INPut]:CFACTor Set →
→ Query

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Description | Sets or returns the crest factor. |
| Syntax | [[:INPut]:CFACTor {3 6 A6} |
| Query Syntax | [[:INPut]:CFACTor? |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | 3 crest factor 3. 6 crest factor 6. A6 Display range expand mode (6A) for crest factor 6. |
| Example | :INPUT:CFACTOR 3 :INPUT:CFACTOR? ->:INPUT:CFACTOR 3 |

[[:INPut]:WIRing Set →
→ Query

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the wiring system. |
| Syntax | [[:INPut]:WIRing {P1W2 } |
| Query Syntax | [[:INPut]:WIRing? |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | P1W2 Single-phase, two-wire system. (For the GPM-8310, the wiring system is fixed to P1W2) |
| Example | :INPUT:WIRING P1W2 :INPUT:WIRING? ->:INPUT:WIRING P1W2 |

Set →

→ Query

[:INPut]:MODE

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the voltage and current measurement mode. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:MODE {DC AC/RMS ACDC VMEan} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:MODE? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | DC | Select the dc measurement mode. |
| | AC/RMS | Select the ac measurement mode. |
| | ACDC | Select the acdc measurement mode. |
| | VMEan | Select the vmean measurement mode. |
| Example | :INPUT:MODE DC :INPUT:MODE? ->:INPUT:MODE DC | |

[:INPut]:VOLTage

→ Query

| | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Description | Returns all voltage measurement settings. | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:VOLTage? | |
| Return parameter | <String> | |

Set →

→ Query

[:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe

| | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the voltage range. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe {<Voltage>} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:VOLTage:RANGe? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <Voltage> | 15, 30, 60, 150, 300, 600(V) when the crest factor is set to 3. 7.5, 15, 30, 75, 150, 300(V) when the crest factor is set to 6 or 6A. |

Example :INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE 600V
 :INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE?
 ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:RANGE 600.0E+00

[[:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the voltage auto range on/off state.

Syntax [:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax [:INPut]:VOLTage:AUTO?

Parameter <Boolean>0 OFF
 <Boolean>1 ON

Return parameter 0 Turn the voltage auto range function off.
 1 Turn the voltage auto range function on.

Example :INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO ON
 :INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO?
 ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:AUTO 1

[[:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the valid voltage range.

Syntax [:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig {ALL|<Voltage>[,Voltage]...}

Query Syntax [:INPut]:VOLTage:CONFig?

Parameter/
 Return parameter ALL All ranges are valid.
 <Voltage> See(:INPut:VOLTage:RANGe).

Example :INPUT:VOLTAGE:CONFIG 300,150,30
 :INPUT:VOLTAGE:CONFIG?
 ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:CONFIG 300.0E+00,150.0E+00,
 30.0E+00

Set →
→ Query

[:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the jump destination range that is used when a voltage peak over-range occurs. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump {OFF <Voltage>} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:VOLTage:POJump? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | OFF | No jump destination voltage range. |
| | <Voltage> | See(:INPut:VOLTage:RANGe). |
| Example | :INPUT:VOLTAGE:POJUMP 600V :INPUT:VOLTAGE:POJUMP? ->:INPUT:VOLTAGE:POJUMP 600.0E+00 | |

→ Query

[:INPut]:CURRent

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Returns all current measurement settings. |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent? |
| Return parameter | <String> |

Set →
→ Query

[:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the current range. |
| Query | [:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe {<Current> (EXTernal<x>,<Voltage>)} |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:RANGe? |

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <x> | 1,2(EXT1,EXT2) |
| | <Current> | 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500(mA) 1, 2, 5, 10, 20(A) when the crest factor is set to 3. |
| | | 2.5, 5, 10, 25, 50, 100, 250(mA) 0.5, 1, 2.5, 5, 10(A) when the crest factor is set to 6 or 6A. |
| | EXternal1 <Voltage> | 2.5, 5, 10(V) when the crest factor is set to 3. 1.25, 2.5, 5(V) when the crest factor is set to 6 or 6A. |
| EXternal2 <Voltage> | 50, 100, 200, 500,(mV), 1, 2(V) when the crest factor is set to 3. 25, 50, 100, 250,(mV), 0.5, 1(V) when the crest factor is set to 6 or 6A. | |

Example

```
:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE 20A
:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE?
->:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE 20.0E+00
:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE EXTERNAL1,10V
:INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE?
-> :INPUT:CURRENT:RANGE EXTERNAL1,10.0E+00
```

Set →
 → Query

[:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO

| | | |
|------------------|--|---|
| Description | Sets or returns the current auto range on/off state. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO {<Boolean> OFF ON} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:AUTO? | |
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean>1 | ON |
| Return parameter | 0 | Turn the current auto range function off. |
| | 1 | Turn the current auto range function on. |

Example :INPUT:CURRENT:AUTO ON
 :INPUT:CURRENT:AUTO?
 ->:INPUT:CURRENT:AUTO 1

[:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig Set →
← Query


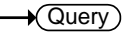
| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Description | Sets or returns the valid current range. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig {ALL <Current>[,Current]...} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:CONFig? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | ALL <Current> | All ranges are valid. See(:INPut:CURRent:RANGe). |
| Example | :INPUT:CURRENT:CONFIG 20,10,1 :INPUT:CURRENT:CONFIG? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:CONFIG 20.0E+00,10.0E+00, 1.0E+00 | |

[:INPut]:CURRent:POJump Set →
← Query

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the jump destination range that is used when a current peak over-range occurs. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:POJump {OFF <Current>} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:POJump? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | OFF <Current > | No jump destination current range. See(:INPut:CURRent:RANGe). |
| Example | :INPUT:CURRENT:POJUMP 20A :INPUT:CURRENT:POJUMP? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:POJUMP 20.0E+00 | |

[[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:CONFIg<x>  

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the valid external current sensor range. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:CONFIg<x> {ALL <Voltage>[,Voltage]...} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:CONFIg<x>? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <x> | 1,2(EXT1,EXT2), If <x> is omitted, by default sets or returns EXT2 config. |
| | ALL | All ranges are valid. |
| | <Voltage> | See(:INPut:CURRent:RANGe). |
| Example | :INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:CONFIG1 2,0.5,0.1 :INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:CONFIG1? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:CONFIG1 2.00E+00,500.0E-03,100.0E-03 | |

[[:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:POJumP<x>  

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the jump destination range that is used when a current peak over-range occurs. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:POJumP<x> {OFF <Voltage>} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:CURRent:EXTSensor:POJumP<x>? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <x> | 1,2(EXT1,EXT2), If <x> is omitted, by default sets or returns EXT2 config. |
| | OFF | No jump destination current range. |
| | <Voltage> | See(:INPut:CURRent:RANGe). |
| Example | :INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:POJUMP1 2V :INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:POJUMP1? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:EXTSENSOR:POJUMP1 2.00E+00 | |

Set →
 → Query

| | | | | | |
|--|--|------------------------|---|--------------------------|---------------|
| <code>[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio:ELEMeNt1<x></code> | | | | | |
| Description | Sets or returns the external current sensor conversion ratio of the specified element. | | | | |
| Syntax | <code>[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio:ELEMeNt1<x> {<NRf>}</code> | | | | |
| Query Syntax | <code>[:INPut]:CURRent:SRATio:ELEMeNt1<x>?</code> | | | | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%; padding: 2px;"><code><x></code></td> <td style="padding: 2px;">1,2(EXT1,EXT2), If <code><x></code> is omitted, by default sets or returns EXT2 config.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;"><code><NRf></code></td> <td style="padding: 2px;">0.001 to 9999</td> </tr> </table> | <code><x></code> | 1,2(EXT1,EXT2), If <code><x></code> is omitted, by default sets or returns EXT2 config. | <code><NRf></code> | 0.001 to 9999 |
| <code><x></code> | 1,2(EXT1,EXT2), If <code><x></code> is omitted, by default sets or returns EXT2 config. | | | | |
| <code><NRf></code> | 0.001 to 9999 | | | | |
| Example | <pre> :INPUT:CURRENT:SRATIO:ELEMENT11 10 :INPUT:CURRENT:SRATIO:ELEMENT11? ->:INPUT:CURRENT:SRATIO:ELEMENT1 EXT1,10.000 </pre> | | | | |

| | | (Set) → |
|--------------------------|--|-----------|
| | | → (Query) |
| [[:INPut]:RCONfig | | |
| Description | Sets or returns the on/off state of the range configuration (valid range selection) feature. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:RCONfig {<Boolean> OFF ON} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:RCONfig? | |
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON | |
| Return parameter | 0 Turn the range configuration feature off. 1 Turn the range configuration feature on. | |
| Example | :INPUT:RCONFIG ON :INPUT:RCONFIG? ->:INPUT:RCONFIG 1 | |

| | | → (Query) |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| [[:INPut]:SCALing | | |
| Description | Returns all scaling settings. | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:SCALing? | |
| Return parameter | <String> | |

| | | (Set) → |
|----------------------------------|---|-----------|
| | | → (Query) |
| [[:INPut]:SCALing[:STATe] | | |
| Description | Sets or returns the scaling on/off state. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:SCALing[:STATe] {<Boolean> OFF ON} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:SCALing[:STATe]? | |
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 OFF <Boolean>1 ON | |
| Return parameter | 0 Turn the scaling function off. 1 Turn the scaling function on. | |

Example :INPUT:SCALING:STATE ON
 :INPUT:SCALING:STATE?
 ->:INPUT:SCALING:STATE 1

[[:INPut]:SCALing:{VT|CT|SFACtor}:ELEMent<x> 
 t<x> 

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the VT ratio, CT ratio, or power coefficient of the specified element. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:SCALing:{VT CT SFACtor}:ELEMent<x> {<NRF>} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:SCALing:{VT CT SFACtor}:ELEMent<x>? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <x> | 1 (If <Element> is omitted, the element is set to 1) (For the GPM-8310, only set to 1 or omitted) |
| | <NRF> | 0.001 to 9999 |
| Example | :INPUT:SCALIG:VT:SRATIO:ELEMENT1 10 :INPUT:SCALIG:VT:SRATIO:ELEMENT1? ->:INPUT:SCALIG:VT:SRATIO:ELEMENT1 10 | |

[[:INPut]:SYNChronize 


| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the synchronization source. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:SYNChronize {VOLTage CURRent OFF} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:SYNChronize? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | VOLTage | Select the voltage synchronization source. |
| | CURRent | Select the current synchronization source. |
| | OFF | Select the off synchronization source. |

Example :INPUT:SYNCHRONIZE VOLTAGE
 :INPUT:SYNCHRONIZE?
 ->:INPUT:SYNCHRONIZE VOLTAGE

[[:INPut]:FILTer → Query

Description Returns all input filter settings.

Query Syntax [:INPut]:FILTer?

Return parameter <String>

[[:INPut]:FILTer:LINE Set →
→ Query

Description Sets or returns the line filter.

Syntax [:INPut]:FILTer:LINE {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax [:INPut]:FILTer:LINE?

Parameter <Boolean>0 OFF
 <Boolean>1 ON

Return parameter 0 Turn the line filter function off.
 1 Turn the line filter function on.

Example :INPUT:FILTER:LINE OFF
 :INPUT:FILTER:LINE?
 ->:INPUT:FILTER:LINE 0

[[:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency Set →
→ Query

Description Sets or returns the frequency filter.

Syntax [:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax [:INPut]:FILTer:FREQuency?

| | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean>1 | ON |
| Return parameter | 0 | Turn the frequency filter function off. |
| | 1 | Turn the frequency filter function on. |
| Example | :INPUT:FILTER:FREQUEECNY OFF :INPUT:FILTER:FREQUEECNY? ->:INPUT:FILTER:FREQUEECNY 0 | |

[:INPut]:POVer → Query

| | | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Description | Returns the peak over-range information. | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:POVer? | |
| Return parameter | Bit0 | Voltage peak over-range is occurring. |
| | Bit1 | Current peak over-range is occurring. |
| Example | :INPUT:POVER? ->:INPUT:POVER 1 | |

[:INPut]:CRANge → Query

| | | |
|--------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the check range status. | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:CRANge? | |

| | | |
|------------------|------|--|
| Return parameter | Bit0 | The voltage is at the condition for reducing the auto range or less. |
| | Bit1 | The voltage exceeds the condition for raising the auto range. |
| | Bit2 | The voltage is over-range. |
| | Bit3 | The voltage is peak over-range. |
| | Bit4 | The current is at the condition for reducing the auto range or less. |
| | Bit5 | The current exceeds the condition for raising the auto range. |
| | Bit6 | The current is over-range. |
| | Bit7 | The current is peak over-range. |

Example :INPUT:CRANGE?
 ->:INPUT:CRANGE 8
 (Indicate the voltage is peak over-range)

Set →
 → Query

[:INPut]:ZERO

| | | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the zero state. | |
| Syntax | [:INPut]:ZERO {<Boolean> OFF ON} | |
| Query Syntax | [:INPut]:ZERO? | |
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean>1 | ON |
| Return parameter | 0 | Turn the zero function off. |
| | 1 | Turn the zero function on. |

Example :INPUT:ZERO OFF
 :INPUT:ZERO?
 ->:INPUT:ZERO 0

INTEGrate Commands

| | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| :INTEGrate..... | 188 |
| :INTEGrate:MODE | 188 |
| :INTEGrate:FUNCTion | 189 |
| :INTEGrate:TIMer..... | 189 |
| :INTEGrate:STARt..... | 189 |
| :INTEGrate:STOP | 190 |
| :INTEGrate:RESet | 190 |
| :INTEGrate:STATe | 190 |

:INTEGrate → Query

Description Returns all integration settings.

Query Syntax :INTEGrate?

Return parameter <String>

Set →

:INTEGrate:MODE → Query

Description Sets or returns the integration mode.

Syntax :INTEGrate:MODE {MANUal|NORMal|CONTInuous}

Query Syntax :INTEGrate:MODE?

| | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| Parameter/ Return parameter | MANUal | Manual integration mode. |
| | NORMal | Standard integration mode. |
| | CONTInuous | Continuous integration mode. |

Example :INTEGRATE:MODE MANUAL
 :INTEGRATE:MODE?
 ->:INTEGRATE:MODE MANUAL

Set →
 → Query

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Description | Sets or returns the integration function. | |
| Syntax | :INTEGrate:FUNcTion {WATT AMPere} | |
| Query Syntax | :INTEGrate:FUNcTion? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | WATT | Select the integration function watt. |
| | AMPere | Select the integration function ampere. |
| Example | :INTEGRATE:FUNCTION WATT | |
| | :INTEGRATE:FUNCTION? | |
| | ->:INTEGRATE:FUNCTION WATT | |

Set →
 → Query

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the integration timer value. | |
| Syntax | :INTEGrate:TIMer {<NRf>,<NRf>,<NRf>} | |
| Query Syntax | :INTEGrate:TIMer? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | 1st <NRf> | 0 to 9999 (hours) |
| | 2nd <NRf> | 0 to 59 (minutes) |
| | 3rd <NRf> | 0 to 59 (seconds) |
| Example | :INTEGRATE:TIMER 1,0,0 | |
| | :INTEGRATE:TIMER? | |
| | ->:INTEGRATE:TIMER 1,0,0 | |

Set →

| | |
|-------------|---------------------|
| Description | Starts integration. |
| Syntax | :INTEGrate:START |
| Example | :INTEGRATE:START |

:INTEGrate:STOP

Set →

Description Stops integration.

Syntax :INTEGrate:STOP

Example :INTEGRATE:STOP

:INTEGrate:RESet

Set →

Description Resets the integrated value.

Syntax :INTEGrate:RESet

Example :INTEGRATE:RESET

:INTEGrate:STATe

→ Query

Description Returns the integration status.

Query Syntax :INTEGrate:STATe?

| | | |
|------------------|--------|---|
| Return parameter | ERRor | Integration overflows. |
| | RESet | Integration resets. |
| | STARt | Integration is in progress. |
| | STOP | Integration stops. |
| | TIMeup | Integration stops due to integration timeout. |

Example :INTEGRATE:STATE?
->RESET

Math Commands

:MATH


| | | |
|------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the MATH equation. | |
| Syntax | :MATH {<Equation>[,<Parameter1>][,<Parameter2>]} | |
| Query Syntax | :MATH? | |
| Parameter/ | Equation | {ADD SUB MUL DIV DIVA DIVB} |
| Return parameter | Parameter1 | {U I P S Q} |
| | Parameter2 | {U I P S Q} |
| Example | :MATH ADD Set math equation to A+B :MATH? ->:MATH ADD | |

| <Equation> | Definition |
|----------------|-------------------|
| ADD | A+B |
| SUB | A-B |
| MUL | AxB |
| DIV | A/B |
| DIVA | A/B ² |
| DIVB | A ² /B |
| <Parameter1,2> | Definition |
| U | Voltage U |
| I | Current I |
| P | Active power P |
| S | Apparent power S |
| Q | Reactive power Q |

MEASure Commands

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| :MEASure | 192 |
| :MEASure:AVERaging | 192 |
| :MEASure:AVERaging[:STATe] | 192 |
| :MEASure:AVERaging:TYPE | 193 |
| :MEASure:AVERaging:COUNT | 193 |
| :MEASure:MHOLD | 193 |

:MEASure → Query

Description Returns all measured and computed data output settings.

Query Syntax :MEASure?

Return parameter <String>

:MEASure:AVERaging → Query

Description Returns all averaging settings.

Query Syntax :MEASure:AVERaging?

Return parameter <String>

:MEASure:AVERaging[:STATe] Set → → Query

Description Sets or returns the on/off state of averaging.

Syntax :MEASure:AVERaging[:STATe] {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

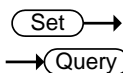
Query Syntax :MEASure:AVERaging[:STATe]?

Parameter <Boolean>0 OFF
<Boolean>1 ON

Return parameter 0 Turn the averaging function off.
1 Turn the averaging function on.

Example :MEASURE:AVERAGING:STATE ON
 :MEASURE:AVERAGING:STATE?
 ->:MEASURE:AVERAGING:STATE 1

:MEASure:AVERaging:TYPE



Description Sets or returns the averaging type.

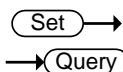
Syntax :MEASure:AVERaging:TYPE {LINear|EXPonent}

Query Syntax :MEASure:AVERaging:TYPE?

| | | |
|--------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| Parameter/ Return parameter | LINear | Select averaging type to linear. |
| | EXPonent | Select averaging type to exponent. |

Example :MEASURE:AVERAGING:TYPE LINEAR
 :MEASURE:AVERAGING:TYPE?
 ->:MEASURE:AVERAGING:TYPE LINEAR

:MEASure:AVERaging:COUNT



Description Sets or returns the averaging coefficient.

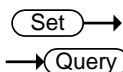
Syntax :MEASure:AVERaging:COUNT {<NRf>}

Query Syntax :MEASure:AVERaging:COUNT?

| | | |
|--------------------------------|-------|------------|
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <NRf> | 8,16,32,64 |
|--------------------------------|-------|------------|

Example :MEASURE:AVERAGING:COUNT 8
 :MEASURE:AVERAGING:COUNT?
 ->:MEASURE:AVERAGING:COUNT 8

:MEASure:MHOLD



Description Sets the MAX hold on/off state.

Syntax :MEASure:MHOLD {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax :MEASureMHOLD?

| | | |
|------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Parameter | <Boolean>0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean>1 | ON |
| Return parameter | 0 | Turn the MAX hold function off. |
| | 1 | Turn the MAX hold function on. |
| Example | :MEASURE:MHOLD ON :MEASURE:MHOLD? ->:MEASURE:MHOLD 1 | |

NUMeric Commands

| | |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| :NUMeric | 195 |
| :NUMeric:FORMat | 195 |
| :NUMeric:NORMal..... | 196 |
| :NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue | 196 |
| :NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMber | 198 |
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| :NUMeric:LIST:CLEar | 210 |
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| :NUMeric:HOLD | 211 |

:NUMeric → Query

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Returns all numeric data output settings. |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric? |
| Return parameter | <String> |

:NUMeric:FORMat Set → → Query

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the numeric data format. |
| Syntax | :NUMeric:FORMat {ASCii FLOat} |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric:FORMat? |

| | | |
|------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Parameter/ | AScii | Select numeric data format to ascii. |
| Return parameter | FLOat | Select numeric data format to float. |
| Example | :NUMERIC:FORMAT ASCII :NUMERIC:FORMAT? ->:NUMERIC:FORMAT ASCII | |
| Note | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> AScii Physical values are output in the <NR3> format. (Only the elapsed integration time—TIME—is output in <NR1> format). The data items are separated by commas. FLOat A header (for example, “#240” or “#3208”) is added in front of each numeric data block. A physical value in IEEE single-precision floating point (4-byte) format follows the header. #N (N-digit byte number) (data byte sequence). The byte order of the data of each item is MSB First. | |

:NUMeric:NORMal



| | |
|------------------|---|
| Description | Returns all normal numeric data output settings. |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric:NORMal? |
| Return parameter | <String> |
| Note | The number of numeric data items output by :NUMeric[:NORMal]:ITEM<x> is determined by :NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMBER. |

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue



| | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Description | Returns the numeric data. |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? {<NRF>} |

| Parameter | <NRf> 1 to 50 (item number) |
|---------------------|---|
| Example | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If <NRf> is specified, only the numeric data for the specified item is output. :NUMERIC:NORMAL:VALUE? 1 -> 103.79E+00 If <NRf> is omitted, the numeric data items from 1 to the number specified by the : NUMERIC[:NORMAL]:NUMBER command are output in order. :NUMERIC:NORMAL:VALUE? -> 103.79E+00,1.0143E+00,105.27E+00,..(omitted)..,50.001E+00 |
| Numeric Data Format | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Measurement values U, I, P, PPPeak, PMPeak, S, Q, LAMBda, CFU, CFI, FU, FI, UTHD and ITHD Integrated values WH, WHP, WHM, AH, AHP and AHM. ASCII: <NR3> format. Example: [-]12.345E+00 Measurement values UPPeak, UMPeak, IPPeak and IMPeak. ASCII: <NR3> format. Example: [-]12.34E+00 Measurement values (PHI) ASCII: <NR3> = 0~9.9 format. Example: [-]9.9E+00 ASCII: <NR3> = 10~99.9 format. Example: [-]99.9E+00 ASCII: <NR3> = 100~999.9 format. Example: [-]999.9E+000 Elapsed integration time (TIME) ASCII: <NR1> format in units of seconds. Example: 3600 for 1 hour (1:00:00). <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FLOAT: IEEE single-precision floating point (4-byte) format <hr/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No items (NONE) ASCII: NAN (Not A Number) FLOAT: 0x7E951BEE (9.91E+37) |

| | |
|------------|---|
| Error Data | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data does not exist (the display shows “-----”) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ASCII: NAN (Not A Number) FLOAT: 0x7E951BEE (9.91E+37) • Data over (the display shows “-----“) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ASCII: INF (INFinity) FLOAT: 0x7E94F56A (9.9E+37) |
|------------|---|

Set →
 → Query

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMBER

Description Sets or returns the number of numeric data items that are transmitted by the :NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? command.

Syntax :NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMBER {<NRF>|ALL}

Query Syntax :NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMBER?

**Parameter/
Return parameter** <NRF> 1 to 50(ALL)

Example :NUMERIC:NORMAL:NUMBER 10
 :NUMERIC:NORMAL:NUMBER
 ->:NUMERIC:NORMAL:NUMBER 10

Note

- If the parameter is omitted from the :NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? command, the numeric data items from 1 to the specified value are output in order.
- By default, the number of numeric data items is set to 3.

Set →
 → Query

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:ITEM<x>

Description Sets or returns the specified numeric data output item function.

Syntax :NUMeric[:NORMal]:ITEM<x>
 {NONE|<Function>[,<Element>][,Order]}

Query Syntax :NUMeric[:NORMal]:ITEM<x>?

| | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|---|
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <x> | 1 to 50 (item number) |
| | NONE | No output item. |
| | <Function> | {U UPPeak UMPeak I IPPeak IMPeak P PPPeak PMPeak S Q LAMBda CFU CFI PHI FU FI UTHD ITHD WH WHP WHM AH AHP AHM TIME URANge IRANge MATH MCR} {UK IK PK LAMBDaK PHIK PHIUK PH IUK UHDFK IHDFK PHDFK} |
| | <Element> | 1 (If <Element> is omitted, the element is set to 1) (For the GPM-8310, only set to 1 or omitted) |
| | <Order> | {TOTal DC <NRF>} (<NRF> = 1 to 50) |

Example

```
:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1 U,1
:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1?
->:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1 U,1
:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1 UK,1,1
:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1?
->:NUMERIC:NORMAL:ITEM1 UK,1,1
```

- If <Order> is omitted, the order is set to TOTal.
- This instrument does not measure data for <Order> = DC.

| <Function> | Function | GPM-8310 Indicator |
|------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| U | Voltage U | [V] |
| UPPeak | Maximum voltage: U+pk | [V+pk] |
| UMPeak | Minimum voltage: U-pk | [V-pk] |
| I | Current I | [I] |
| IPPeak | Maximum current: I+pk | [I+pk] |
| IMPeak | Minimum current: I-pk | [I-pk] |
| P | Active power P | [P] |

| | | |
|--------|--|--------|
| PPPeak | Maximum power: P+pk | [P+pk] |
| PMPeak | Minimum power: P-pk | [P-pk] |
| S | Apparent power S | [VA] |
| Q | Reactive power Q | [VAR] |
| LAMBda | Power factor λ | [PF] |
| CFU | Voltage factor λ | [CFV] |
| CFV | Current factor λ | [CFI] |
| PHI | Phase difference Φ | [DEG] |
| FU | Voltage frequency fu | [VHz] |
| FI | Current frequency fl | [AHz] |
| UTHD | Total harmonic distortion of voltage Uthd | [THDV] |
| ITHD | Total harmonic distortion of current lthd | [THDI] |
| WH | Watt hour WP | [WP] |
| WHP | Positive watt hour WP+ | [WP+] |
| WHM | Positive watt hour WP- | [WP-] |
| AH | Ampere hour q | [q] |
| AHP | Positive ampere hour q+ | [q+] |
| AHM | Positive ampere hour q | [q-] |
| TIME | Integration time | |
| URANge | Voltage range | |
| IRANge | Current range | |
| MATH | Mathematical Computation | [MATH] |
| MCR | Maximum Current Ratio | [MCR] |
| URMS | True rms voltage Urms | |
| UMN | Rectified mean voltage calibrated to the rms value Umn | [Vmn] |
| UDC | Simple voltage average Udc | [Vdc] |

| | | |
|---------|---|-------|
| URMN | Rectified mean voltage U_{rmn} | |
| UAC | AC voltage component U_{ac} | [Vac] |
| IRMS | True rms current I_{rms} | |
| IMN | Rectified mean current calibrated to the rms value I_{mn} | |
| IDC | Simple current average I_{dc} | [Idc] |
| IRMN | Rectified mean current I_{rmn} | |
| IAC | AC current component I_{ac} | [Iac] |
| UK | Rms voltage of harmonic order k $U(k)$ | [V] |
| IK | Rms current of harmonic order k $I(k)$ | [A] |
| PK | Active power of harmonic order k $P(k)$ | [P] |
| LAMBDAK | Power factor of harmonic order k $\lambda(k)$ | |
| PHIK | Phase difference between the voltage and current of harmonic order k $\varphi(k)$ | |
| PHIUk | Phase difference between harmonic voltage $U(k)$ and the fundamental wave $U(1)$ $\varphi_U(k)$ | |
| PHIIk | Phase difference between harmonic current $I(k)$ and the fundamental wave $I(1)$ $\varphi_I(k)$ | |
| UHDFk | Harmonic distortion factor of voltage $U_{hdf}(k)$ | |
| IHDFk | Harmonic distortion factor of current $I_{hdf}(k)$ | |

PHDFk Harmonic distortion factor of
power Phdf(k)

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:PRESet



Description Presets the numeric data output item pattern.

Syntax :NUMeric[:NORMal]:PRESet {<Nrf>}

Parameter/
Return parameter <Nrf> 1 to 4

Example :NUMERIC:NORMAL:PRESET 1

| Patterns 1 | ITEM<x> | <Function> |
|------------|---------|------------|
| | 1 | U |
| | 2 | I |
| | 3 | P |

| Patterns 2 | ITEM<x> | <Function> |
|------------|---------|------------|
| | 1 | U |
| | 2 | I |
| | 3 | P |
| | 4 | S |
| | 5 | Q |
| | 6 | LAMBda |
| | 7 | PHI |
| | 8 | FU |
| | 9 | FI |

| Patterns 3 | ITEM<x> | <Function> |
|------------|---------|------------|
| | 1 | U |
| | 2 | I |
| | 3 | P |
| | 4 | S |
| | 5 | Q |

| | | |
|------------|---------|------------|
| | 6 | LAMBda |
| | 7 | PHI |
| | 8 | FU |
| | 9 | FI |
| | 10 | UPPeak |
| | 11 | UMPeak |
| | 12 | IPPeak |
| | 13 | IMPeak |
| | 14 | PPPeak |
| | 15 | PMPeak |
| Patterns 4 | ITEM<x> | <Function> |
| | 1 | U |
| | 2 | I |
| | 3 | P |
| | 4 | S |
| | 5 | Q |
| | 6 | LAMBda |
| | 7 | PHI |
| | 8 | FU |
| | 9 | FI |
| | 10 | UPPeak |
| | 11 | UMPeak |
| | 12 | IPPeak |
| | 13 | IMPeak |
| | 14 | TIME |
| | 15 | WH |
| | 16 | WHP |
| | 17 | WHM |

| | |
|----|-----|
| 18 | AH |
| 19 | AHP |
| 20 | AHM |

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:CLEar (Set) →

| | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| Description | Clears numeric data output items (sets the items to NONE). | |
| Syntax | :NUMeric[:NORMal]:CLEar {ALL <NRf>[,<NRf>]} | |
| Parameter | ALL | Clear all items. |
| | 1st <NRf> | 1 to 50 (the number of the first item to clear) |
| | 2nd <NRf> | 1 to 50 (the number of the last item to clear) |
| Example | :NUMERIC:NORMAL:CLEAR ALL | |
| Note | If the 2nd <NRf> is omitted, the output item specified by the first and all following output items (up to number 50) are cleared. | |

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:DELeTe (Set) →

| | | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Description | Deletes numeric data output items. | |
| Syntax | :NUMeric[:NORMal]:DELeTe {<NRf>[,<NRf>]} | |
| Parameter | 1st <NRf> | 1 to 50 (the number of the first item to delete) |
| | 2nd <NRf> | 1 to 50 (the number of the last item to delete) |
| Example | :NUMERIC:NORMAL:DELETE 1 (Deletes ITEM1 and shifts ITEM2 and subsequent items forward). | |
| | :NUMERIC:NORMAL:DELETE 1,3 (Deletes ITEM1 to ITEM3 and shifts ITEM4 and subsequent items forward). | |

- Note
- When output items are deleted, subsequent items shift forward to fill the empty positions. Empty positions at the end are set to NONE.
 - If the second <NRf> is omitted, only the output item specified by the first number is deleted.

:NUMeric[:NORMal]:HEADer → Query

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | Returns the numeric data header. |
| Syntax | :NUMeric[:NORMal]:HEADer? {<NRf>} |
| Parameter | <NRf> 1 to 50 (item number) |
| Example | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If <NRf> is specified, only the data name for the specified item number is output. :NUMERIC:NORMAL:HEADER? 1 -> U-E1 • If <NRf> is omitted, the data names of the items from 1 to the number specified by the : NUMeric[:NORMal]:NUMber command are output in order. :NUMERIC:NORMAL:NUMBER 3 :NUMERIC:NORMAL:HEADER? -> U-E1,I-E1,P-E1 |

:NUMeric:LIST → Query

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Returns all harmonic measurement numeric list data output settings. |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST? |
| Return parameter | <String> |
| Note | The number of numeric list data items output by : NUMeric:LIST:ITEM<x> is determined by : NUMeric:LIST:NUMBER. |

:NUMeric:LIST:VALue

→ Query

| | |
|--------------|---|
| Description | Returns the harmonic measurement numeric list data. |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:VALue? {<NRf>} |
| Parameter | <NRf> 1 to 8 (item number) |
| Example | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <NRf> is specified :NUMERIC:LIST:VALUE? 1 -> 103.58E+00,NAN,103.53E+00,0.09E+00,2.07E+00,0.04E+00,.. (omitted)..,0.01E+00,0.01E+00 (up to 52 data values) if <NRf> is omitted (when :NUMeric:LIST:NUMBER is set to 5) :NUMERIC:LIST:VALUE? -> 103.58E+00,NAN,103.53E+00,0.09E+00,2.07E+00,0.04E+00,.. (omitted)..,0.00E+00,0.00E+00 (up to 52*5 = 260 data values) When :NUMeric:FORMat is set to {FLOat} :NUMERIC:LIST:VALUE? -> #N (N-digit byte number) (data byte sequence) |

- NOTE**
- A single numeric list data item consists of up to 52 items of numeric data in the following order: TOTal, DC, 1st harmonic, ..., :NUMeric:LIST:ORDER.
 - If <NRf> is specified, only the numeric list data of the specified item number is output (up to 52 items of data)
 - If <NRf> is omitted, the numeric list data of item numbers from 1 to :NUMeric:LIST:NUMBER is output in order (up to 52 times the number specified by :NUMeric:LIST:ORDER)

:NUMeric:LIST:NUMBER

Set →

→ Query

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the number of numeric list data items that are transmitted by :NUMeric:LIST:VALue? command. |
| Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:NUMber {<NRf> ALL} |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:NUMber? |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <NRf> 1 to 8(ALL) |
| Example | :NUMERIC:LIST:NUMBER 3 :NUMERIC:LIST:NUMBER? ->:NUMERIC:LIST:NUMBER 3 |
| Note | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the parameter is omitted from the :NUMeric:LIST:VALue? command, the numeric list data items from 1 to the specified value are output in order. • By default, the number of numeric data items is set to 3. |

Set →
 → Query

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the maximum output harmonic order of the harmonic measurement numeric list data. |
| Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:ORDER {<NRf> ALL} |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:ORDER? |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <NRf> 1 to 50(ALL) |
| Example | :NUMERIC:LIST:ORDER 10 :NUMERIC:LIST:ORDER? ->:NUMERIC:LIST:ORDER 10 |

Set →
 → Query

:NUMeric:LIST:SElect

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the output components of the harmonic measurement numeric list data. | |
| Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:SElect {EVEN ODD ALL} | |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:SElect? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | EVEN | Outputs the components of TOTal, DC, and even-order harmonics. |
| | ODD | Outputs the components of TOTal, DC, and odd-order harmonics . |
| | ALL | Outputs all components. |
| Example | :NUMERIC:LIST:SELECT ALL :NUMERIC:LIST:SELECT? ->:NUMERIC:LIST:SELECT ALL | |

:NUMeric:LIST:ITEM<x>

(Set) →
→ (Query)

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the output item (function and element) of the specified harmonic measurement numeric list data item. | |
| Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:ITEM<x> {NONE <Function>,<Element>} | |
| Query Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:ITEM<x>? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <x> | 1 to 8 (item number) |
| | NONE | No output item. |
| | <Function> | {U P PHIU PHII UHDF UHDF PHDF} |
| | <Element> | 1 (If <Element> is omitted, the element is set to 1) (For the GPM-8310, only set to 1 or omitted) |
| Example | :NUMERIC:LIST:ITEM1 U,1 :NUMERIC:LIST:ITEM1? ->:NUMERIC:LIST:ITEM1 U,1 | |

:NUMeric:LIST:PRESet



| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|------------|
| Description | Presets the harmonic measurement numeric list data output item pattern. | |
| Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:PRESet {<NRf>} | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <NRf> | 1 to 4 |
| Example | :NUMERIC:LIST:PRESET 1 | |
| Patterns 1 | ITEM<x> | <Function> |
| | 1 | U |
| | 2 | I |
| | 3 | P |
| Patterns 2 | ITEM<x> | <Function> |
| | 1 | U |
| | 2 | I |
| | 3 | P |
| | 4 | PHIU |
| | 5 | PHII |
| Patterns 3 | ITEM<x> | <Function> |
| | 1 | U |
| | 2 | I |
| | 3 | P |
| | 4 | UHDF |
| | 5 | IHDF |
| | 6 | PHDF |
| Patterns 4 | ITEM<x> | <Function> |
| | 1 | U |
| | 2 | I |

| | |
|---|------|
| 3 | P |
| 4 | PHIU |
| 5 | PHII |
| 6 | UHDF |
| 7 | IHDF |
| 8 | PHDF |

:NUMeric:LIST:CLEar



| | | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Description | Clears numeric data output items (sets the items to NONE). | |
| Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:CLEar {ALL <NRf>[,<NRf>]} | |
| Parameter | ALL | Clear all items. |
| | 1st <NRf> | 1 to 8 (the number of the first item to clear) |
| | 2nd <NRf> | 1 to 8 (the number of the last item to clear) |
| Example | :NUMERIC:LIST:CLEAR ALL | |
| Note | If the 2nd <NRf> is omitted, the output item specified by the first and all following output items (up to number 8) are cleared. | |

:NUMeric:LIST:DElete



| | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Description | Deletes numeric data output items. | |
| Syntax | :NUMeric:LIST:DElete {<NRf>[,<NRf>]} | |
| Parameter | 1st <NRf> | 1 to 50 (the number of the first item to delete) |
| | 2nd <NRf> | 1 to 50 (the number of the last item to delete) |

Example :NUMERIC:LIST:DELETE 1 (Deletes ITEM1 and shifts ITEM2 and subsequent items forward).
 :NUMERIC:LIST:DELETE 1,3 (Deletes ITEM1 to ITEM3 and shifts ITEM4 and subsequent items forward).

- Note
- When output items are deleted, subsequent items shift forward to fill the empty positions. Empty positions at the end are set to NONE.
 - If the second <Nrf> is omitted, only the output item specified by the first number is deleted.

:NUMERIC:HOLD

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the on/off (hold/release) status of the numeric data hold feature.

Syntax :NUMERIC:HOLD {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax :NUMERIC:HOLD?

Parameter <Boolean>0 OFF
 <Boolean>1 ON

Return parameter 0 Turn the numeric hold function off.
 1 Turn the numeric hold function on.

Example :NUMERIC:HOLD ON
 :NUMERIC:HOLD?
 ->:NUMERIC:HOLD 1

Note

- If :NUMeric:HOLD is set to ON before :NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? or :NUMeric:LIST:VALue? is executed, all the numeric data at that point in time can be held internally.
 - As long as :NUMeric:HOLD is set to ON, numeric data is held even when the numeric data on the screen is updated.
 - If :NUMeric:HOLD is set to ON after having already been set to ON before, the numeric data is cleared, and the most recent numeric data is held internally. When retrieving numeric data continuously, this method can be used to circumvent the need to repeatedly set :NUMeric:HOLD to OFF.
-


RATE Commands

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| :RATE..... | 213 |
| :RATE:AUTO | 213 |
| :RATE:AUTO:TIMEout | 213 |
| :RATE:AUTO:SYNChronize | 214 |


:RATE



| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the data update interval. | |
| Syntax | :RATE {<TIME> AUTO} | |
| Query Syntax | :RATE? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <TIME> | 100, 250, 500(ms), 1, 2, 5, 10, 20(s) |
| | AUTO | Select update rate at auto. |
| Example | :RATE 500MS :RATE? ->:RATE 500.0E-03 | |

:RATE:AUTO 

| | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Description | Returns all applicable settings for when the data update interval is set to Auto. | |
| Query Syntax | :RATE:AUTO? | |
| Return parameter | <String> | |

:RATE:AUTO:TIMEout



| | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the timeout for when the data update interval is set to Auto. | |
| Syntax | :RATE:AUTO:TIMEout {<TIME>} | |

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Query Syntax | :RATE:AUTO:TIMEout? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <TIME> | 1, 5, 10, 20(s) |
| Example | RATE:AUTO:TIMEOUT 1 :RATE:AUTO:TIMEOUT? -> :RATE:AUTO:TIMEOUT 1 | |

Set →
 → Query

:RATE:AUTO:SYNChronize

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the synchronization source for when the data update interval is set to Auto. | |
| Syntax | :RATE:AUTO:SYNChronize {U1 I1} | |
| Query Syntax | :RATE:AUTO:SYNChronize? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | U1 | Select synchronize source at voltage. |
| | I1 | Select synchronize source at current. |
| Example | :RATE:AUTO:SYNCHRONIZE U1 :RATE:AUTO:SYNCHRONIZE? -> :RATE:AUTO:SYNCHRONIZE U1 | |

RECall Commands

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| :RECall:NUMber | 215 |
| :RECall[:NORMal]:VALue..... | 215 |
| :RECall:LIST:VALue..... | 216 |
| :RECall:PANel..... | 216 |

:RECall:NUMber → Query

Description Returns the number of blocks of measured data that is stored.

Query Syntax :RECall:NUMber?

Example :RECall:NUMber?
->100

:RECall[:NORMal]:VALue → Query

Description Returns the numeric data at the specified block number.

Query Syntax :RECall[:NORMal]:VALue? {<NRf>}

Parameter <NRf> 1 to 10000 (block number)

Example

- if <NRf> is specified, the numeric data at the specified block number will be returned.
- If you omit <NRf> or specify a number greater than the number of blocks that contain stored measured data (the number returned by :RECall:NUMber?), the entire returned numeric data will be “NAN” (no data).
- The output items and format are the same as those of “:NUMeric[:NORMal]:VALue? (when the item number is not specified).” To set the output items and format, use the NUMeric group commands.

:RECall:LIST:VALue

→ **Query**

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Description | Returns the numeric list data of harmonic measurement at the specified block number. |
| Query Syntax | :RECall:LIST:VALue? {<NRf>} |
| Parameter | <NRf> 1 to 1000 (block number) |
| Example | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • if <NRf> is specified, the numeric list data at the specified block number will be returned. • If you omit <NRf> or specify a number greater than the number of blocks that contain stored measured data (the number returned by :RECall:NUMber?), the entire returned numeric data will be "NAN" (no data). • The output items and format are the same as those of ":NUMeric:LIST:VALue?" (when the item number is not specified)." To set the output items and format, use the NUMeric group commands. |

:RECall:PANel

Set →

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Description | Loads a setup parameter file. |
| Syntax | :RECall:PANel {<NRf>} |
| Parameter | <NRf> 1 to 4 (file number) |
| Example | :RECall:PANel 2 |

STATus Commands

| | |
|-------------------------|-----|
| :STATus | 217 |
| :STATus:CONDition | 217 |
| :STATus:EESE | 217 |
| :STATus:EESR | 218 |
| :STATus:ERRor..... | 218 |
| :STATus:FILTer<x> | 219 |
| :STATus:QENable..... | 220 |
| :STATus:QMESsage..... | 220 |

:STATus

→ Query

Description Returns all the settings for the communication status feature.

Query Syntax :STATus?

Return parameter <String>

:STATus:CONDition

→ Query

Description Returns the contents of the condition register.

Query Syntax :STATus:CONDition?

Return parameter <NR1> 0 to 65535

Example :STATUS:CONDITION?
-> 8

Note For information about the condition register, see Appendix, "Status system" at page 239.

:STATus:EESE

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the extended event enable register.

Syntax :STATus:EESE {<NRF>}

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Query Syntax | :STATus:EESE? |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <NRf> 0 to 65535 |
| Example | :STATUS:EESE 16 :STATUS:EESE? -> :STATUS:EESE 16 |
| Note | For information about the condition register, see Appendix, "Status system" at page 239. |

:STATus:EESR → Query

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Returns the contents of the extended event register and clears the register. |
| Query Syntax | :STATus:EESR? |
| Return parameter | <NR1> 0 to 65535 |
| Example | :STATUS:EESR? -> 16 |
| Note | For information about the condition register, see Appendix, "Status system" at page 239. |

:STATus:ERRor → Query

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Description | Returns the error code and message of the last error that has occurred (top of the error queue). |
| Query Syntax | :STATus:ERRor? |
| Return parameter | <String> |
| Example | :STATUS:ERRor? -> 113, "Underfined Header" |

- Note
- If no errors have occurred, 0, "No error" is returned.
 - User can use the :STATUS:QMESsage command to specify whether the message is included.
 - Error message description:
 Error_103: Invalid separator
 Error_104: Data type error.
 Error_108: Parameter not allowed.
 Error_109: Missing parameter.
 Error_113: Undefined header.
 Error_131: Invalid suffix.
 Error_141: Invalid character data.
 Error_221: Setting conflict.
 Error_222: Data out of range.
 Error_813: Invalid operation.

Set →
 → Query

:STATUS:FILTer<x>

| | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Description | Sets or returns the transition filter. | |
| Syntax | :STATUS:FILTer<x> {RISE FALL BOTH NEVer} | |
| Query Syntax | :STATUS:FILTer<x>? | |
| Parameter/ Return parameter | <x> | 1~16 |
| | RISE | An event is set when the bit changes from 0 to 1. |
| | FALL | An event is set when the bit changes from 1 to 0. |
| | BOTH | An event is set when the bit changes either from 1 to 0 or form 0 to 1. |
| | NEVer | An event is never trigger. |
| Example | :STATUS:FILTer2 RISE :STATUS:FILTer2? -> :STATUS:FILTer2 RISE | |

Note

- Set how each bit in the condition register must change to trigger the setting of an event.
- For information about the condition register, see Appendix, "Status system" at page 239.

:STATus:QENable



Description Sets or returns whether messages other than errors will be stored to the error queue (ON) or not (OFF).

Syntax :STATus:QENable {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax :STATus:QENable?

Parameter <Boolean>0 OFF
<Boolean>1 ON

Return parameter 0 Function is off.
1 Function is on.

Example :STATUS:QENABLE ON
:STATUS:QENABLE?
-> :STATUS:QENABLE 1

:STATus:QMESsage



Description Sets or returns whether message information will be attached to the response to the STATus:ERRor? query (ON/OFF).

Syntax :STATus:QMESsage {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax :STATus:QMESsage?

Parameter <Boolean>0 OFF
<Boolean>1 ON

Return parameter 0 Function is off.
1 Function is on.

Example :STATUS:QMESSAGE ON
 :STATUS:QMESSAGE?
 -> :STATUS:QMESSAGE 1

STORe Commands

| | |
|----------------------|-----|
| :STORe | 222 |
| :STORe[:STATe] | 222 |
| :STORe:INTerval..... | 222 |
| :STORe:PANel..... | 223 |

:STORe → Query

Description Returns all storage settings.

Syntax :STORe?

Return parameter <String>

:STORe[:STATe] Set →
→ Query

Description Sets or returns the storage on/off state.

Syntax :STORe[:STATe] {<Boolean>|OFF|ON}

Query Syntax :STORe[:STATe]?

Parameter <Boolean>0 OFF
 <Boolean>1 ON

Return parameter 0 Storage function is off.
 1 Storage function is on.

Example :STORe:STATE ON
 :STORe:STATE?
 ->:STORe:STATE 1

:STORe:INTerval Set →
→ Query

Description Sets or returns the storage interval.

Syntax :STORe:INTerval {<NRF>,<NRF>,<NRF>}

Query Syntax :STORe:INTerval?

| | | |
|------------------|---|-------------------|
| Parameter/ | 1st <NRf> | 0 to 99 (hours) |
| Return parameter | 2nd <NRf> | 0 to 59 (minutes) |
| | 3rd <NRf> | 0 to 59 (seconds) |
| Example | :STORE:INTERVAL 0,0,1 :STORE:INTERVAL? ->:STORE:INTERVAL 0,0,1 | |
| Note | • When time interval is set 00:00:00, the storage interval is identical with the designated data update interval. | |

:STORE:PANel



| | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Description | Saves setup parameters to a file. | |
| Syntax | :STORE:PANel {<NRf>} | |
| Parameter | <NRf> | 1 to 4 (file number) |
| Example | :STORE:PANel 1 | |

SYSTEM Commands

| | |
|---|-----|
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| :SYSTEM:COMMUnicate:COMMAnd..... | 224 |
| :SYSTEM:COMMUnicate:ETHernet:MACAddress | 225 |
| :SYSTEM:FIRMware:DATE | 225 |
| :SYSTEM:KLOCK | 226 |
| :SYSTEM:MODEl..... | 226 |
| :SYSTEM:RESolution | 227 |
| :SYSTEM:SERial | 227 |
| :SYSTEM:VERsion[:FIRMware] | 227 |

:SYSTEM

→ Query

Description Returns all system settings.

Query Syntax :SYSTEM?

Return parameter <String>

Set →

:SYSTEM:BRIGhtness

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the brightness level.

Syntax :SYSTEM:BRIGhtness {<NRf>}

Query Syntax :SYSTEM:BRIGhtness?

Parameter/ Return parameter <NRf> 1~10

Example :SYSTEM:BRIGhtNESS 7
 :SYSTEM:BRIGhtNESS?
 ->:SYSTEM:BRIGhtNESS 7

Set →

:SYSTEM:COMMUnicate:COMMAnd

→ Query

| | | |
|------------------|---|--------------|
| Description | Sets or returns the command type. | |
| Syntax | :SYSTem:COMMunicate:COMMMand {DEFAULT USER} | |
| Query Syntax | :SYSTem:COMMunicate:COMMMand? | |
| Parameter/ | DEFAULT | GPM8310. |
| Return parameter | USER | User-define. |
| Example | :SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:COMMAND DEFAULT :SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:COMMAND? ->:SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:COMMAND DEFAULT | |
| Note | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The SCPI mode is used to determine whether the *IDN? query returns the “Default” or “User” identification string. | |

:SYSTem:COMMunicate:ETHernet:MACAddress → **Query**

| | | |
|--------------|--|--|
| Description | Returns the Ethernet MAC address. | |
| Query Syntax | :SYSTem:COMMunicate:ETHernet:MACAddress? | |
| Example | :SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:ETHERNET:MACADDRESS? - >:SYSTEM:COMMUNICATE:ETHERNET:MACADDRESS 00:22:24:00:00:00 | |

:SYSTem:FIRMware:DATE → **Query**

| | | |
|------------------|--|----------|
| Description | Returns the firmware date. | |
| Query Syntax | :SYSTem:FIRMware:DATE? | |
| Return parameter | <Date> | yyyymmdd |
| Example | :SYSEm:FIRMWARE:DATE? ->:SYSEm:FIRMWARE:DATE 20200101 | |

:SYSTem:KEY:BEEPer → **Query**

| | | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Description | Sets or returns the keyclick beeper state. | |
|-------------|--|--|

| | | |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Syntax | :SYSTem:KEY:BEEPer {<Boolean> OFF ON} | |
| Query Syntax | :SYSTem:KEY:BEEPer? | |
| Parameter | <Boolean> 0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean> 1 | ON |
| Return parameter | 0 | Turn the keyclick beeper function off. |
| | 1 | Turn the keyclick beeper function on. |
| Example | :SYSTEM:KEY:BEEPER OFF | |
| | :SYSTEM:KEY:BEEPER? | |
| | ->:SYSTEM:KEY:BEEPER 0 | |

Set →
→ Query

| | | |
|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| :SYSTem:KLOCK | | |
| Description | Sets or returns the on/off state of the key protection. | |
| Syntax | :SYSTem:KLOCK {<Boolean> OFF ON} | |
| Query Syntax | :SYSTem:KLOCK? | |
| Parameter | <Boolean> 0 | OFF |
| | <Boolean> 1 | ON |
| Return parameter | 0 | Turn the key protection function off. |
| | 1 | Turn the key protection function on. |
| Example | :SYSTEM:KLOCK OFF | |
| | :SYSTEM:KLOCK? | |
| | ->:SYSTEM:KLOCK 0 | |

→ Query

| | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| :SYSTem:MODEL | | |
| Description | Returns the model code. | |
| Syntax | :SYSTem:MODEL? | |
| Example | :SYSTEM:MODEL? | |
| | ->:SYSTEM:MODEL "GPM-8310" | |

:SYSTem:RESolution 

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | Returns the numeric data display resolution. |
|-------------|--|

| | |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Query Syntax | :SYSTem:RESolution? |
|--------------|---------------------|

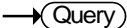
| | |
|---------|---|
| Example | :SYSTEM:RESOLUTION? ->:SYSTEM:RESOLUTION 5 |
|---------|---|

:SYSTem:SERial 

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Description | Returns the serial number. |
|-------------|----------------------------|

| | |
|--------|-----------------|
| Syntax | :SYSTem:SERial? |
|--------|-----------------|

| | |
|---------|--|
| Example | :SYSTEM:SERIAL? ->:SYSTER:SERIAL 123456789A |
|---------|--|

:SYSTem:VERsion[:FIRMware] 

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Description | Returns the firmware version. |
|-------------|-------------------------------|

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Query Syntax | :SYSTem:VERsion[:FIRMware]? |
|--------------|-----------------------------|

| | |
|---------|--|
| Example | :SYSTEM:VERSION:FIRMWARE? ->"V1.00" |
|---------|--|

| | |
|------|--|
| Note | Returns the Ver. item string of the system Information menu. |
|------|--|

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Specifications

Below are the basic conditions required to operate the GPM-8310 within specification:

- Calibration: Yearly
- Operating Environment: 18~28 °C (64.4~82.4°F)
- Humidity: <80%RH,
- Accuracy: ± (% of reading + % of range)
- The specifications apply when it warmed up for at least 30 minutes and operates in the slow rate.
- The power supply cable must be grounded to ensure accuracy.
- Input voltage and current must be standard sine wave.
- The power factor must be 1.
- The crest factor must be 3.
- The common-mode voltage must be zero.

General Specifications

Specification Conditions:

Temperature: 23 °C±5 °C

Humidity: <80%RH(non-condensing)

Operating Environment: (0~40 °C)

Temperature Range: 30~40 °C, Relative Humidity: <70%RH(non-condensing);
>40 °C, Relative Humidity: <50%RH(non-condensing)

Indoor use only

Altitude: <2000 meters

Pollution degree 2

Storage Conditions (-40~70 °C)

Humidity: <90%RH(non-condensing)

General:

Power Source: 100-240 VAC 50/60Hz

Power Consumption: Max 30VA

Bench Dimensions: 268 mm (W) X 107 mm (H) X 379 mm (D) (w/t bumpers)

Weight: Approximately 2.9 kg

Input

| Item | Specifications |
|--|--|
| Input type | Voltage Floating input through resistive voltage divider |
| | Current Floating input through shunt |
| Measure range | Voltage 15 V, 30 V, 60 V, 150 V, 300 V, 600 V |
| | Current |
| | Direct input 5 mA, 10 mA, 20 mA, 50 mA, 100 mA, 200 mA, 0.5 A, 1 A, 2 A, 5 A, 10 A, 20 A |
| | Sensor input EX1: 2.5 V, 5 V, 10 V EX2: 50 mV, 100 mV, 200 mV, 500 mV, 1 V, 2 V |
| Input impedance | Voltage Input resistance: approach 2 MΩ |
| | Current |
| | Direct input range 5 mA ~ 200 mA Input resistance: approach 505 mΩ |
| | Direct input range 0.5A ~ 20 A Input resistance: approach 5 mΩ |
| | Sensor input |
| | Input range 2.5 V ~ 10 V (EX1) Input resistance: approach 100 kΩ Input range 50 mV ~ 2 V (EX2) Input resistance: approach 20 kΩ |
| Continuous maximum allowable input | Voltage peak value of 1.5 kV or RMS value of 1 kV, whichever is less |
| | Current |
| | Direct input range 5 mA ~ 200 mA peak value of 30 A or RMS value of 20 A, whichever is less |
| | Direct input range 0.5A ~ 20 A peak value of 100 A or RMS value of 30 A, whichever is less |
| Sensor input peak value less than or equal to 5 times of the rated range | |
| Input bandwidth | DC, 0.1 Hz ~ 100KHz |
| Continuous maximum Common-mode voltage | 600 Vrms, CAT II |
| Line filter | select OFF or ON (cut off frequency of 500 Hz) |
| Frequency filter | select OFF or ON (cut off frequency of 500 Hz) |
| A/D converter | Simultaneous conversion voltage and current inputs |
| | Resolution 16bits |
| | Maximum conversion rate Approx. 300KHz |

Voltage and Current Accuracy

| Item | Specifications |
|--|---|
| Requirements | Temperature 23 ± 5°C |
| | Humidity 30~75% RH |
| | Input waveform Sine wave crest factor = 3 |
| | common-mode voltage 0 V |
| | Number of displayed digits 5 digits |
| | Frequency filter Turn on to measure voltage or current of 200 Hz or less |
| | After 30 minutes after warm-up time has passed After measurement range is changed (zero-level compensation) Update interval is 250 ms |
| Accuracy | DC ± (0.1% of reading + 0.2% of range) |
| | 0.1 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz ± (0.1 % of reading + 0.2 % of range) |
| | 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz ± (0.1 % of reading + 0.05 % of range) |
| | 66 Hz < f ≤ 1kHz ± (0.1 % of reading + 0.2 % of range) |
| | 1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz ± (0.07 *f) % of reading + 0.3% of range) |
| | 10 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz ± (0.5 % of reading + 0.5 % of range) ± [{0.04x(f-10)}] % of reading] |
| Temperature coefficient | Add ±0.03% of reading/°C within the range 5 to 18°C or 28 to 40°C. |
| When the line filter is turned ON | 45 ~ 66 Hz Add 0.2 % of reading < 45 Hz Add 0.5 % of reading |
| Accuracy when the crest factor is set to 6 or 6A | accuracy obtained by doubling the measurement range error for the accuracy when the crest factor is set to 3 |
| Accuracy changes caused by data update interval | When the data update interval is 100 ms, and Auto, add 0.05% of reading to the 0.1 Hz to 1 kHz accuracy. |
| Influence of temperature changes after zero-level compensation or range change | Add 0.02% of range/°C to the DC voltage accuracy. Add the following value to the DC current accuracies. |
| | 5 mA/10 mA/20 mA/50 mA/100 mA/200 mA ranges 5 µA/°C 0.5 A/1 A/2 A/5 A/10 A/20 A 500 µA/°C ranges |

| | |
|--|--|
| | External current sensor input (/EX1) 1 mV/°C |
| | External current sensor input (/EX2) 50 μV/°C |
| Accuracy when the crest factor is set to 6 or 6A | accuracy obtained by doubling the measurement range error for the accuracy when the crest factor is set to 3 |
| Accuracy changes caused by data update interval | When the data update interval is 100 ms, and Auto, add 0.05% of reading to the 0.1 Hz to 1 kHz accuracy. |

Active Power Accuracy

| Item | Specifications |
|--|--|
| Requirements | same as the conditions for voltage and current. Power factor 1 |
| Accuracy | DC (0.1 % of reading + 0.2 % of range) |
| | 0.1Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz ± (0.3 % of reading + 0.2 % of range) |
| | 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz ± (0.1 % of reading + 0.05 % of range) |
| | 66 Hz < f ≤ 1kHz ± (0.2 % of reading + 0.2 % of range) |
| | 1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz ± (0.1 % of reading + 0.3 % of range) ± [{0.067x(f-1)}] % of reading] |
| | 10 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz ± (0.5 % of reading + 0.5 % of range) ± [{0.09x(f-10)}] % of reading] |
| Influence of power factor | when power factor (λ) = 0 (S: apparent power) ± 0.1 % of S for 45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 66 Hz ± {(0.1 + 0.15 × f) % of S } for up to 100 kHz as reference data |
| | •f is frequency of input signal in kHz when 0 < λ < 1 (Φ: phase angle of the Voltage and current) (power reading) × [(power reading error%) + (power range %) × (power range / indicated apparent power value) + {tanΦ × (influence when λ=0)}] |
| When the line filter is turned ON | 45 ~ 66 Hz Add 0.3 % of reading < 45 Hz Add 1 % of reading |
| Temperature coefficient | same as the temperature coefficient for voltage and current |
| Accuracy when the crest factor is set to 6 or 6A | accuracy obtained by doubling the measurement range error for the accuracy when the crest factor is set to 3 |

| | |
|--|--|
| Accuracy of apparent power S | voltage accuracy + current accuracy |
| Accuracy of reactive power Q | accuracy of apparent power + $(\sqrt{1.0004 - \lambda^2}) - (\sqrt{1 - \lambda^2}) \times 100\%$ $\pm [(\lambda - \lambda/1.0002) + \cos\theta - \cos\{\theta + \sin^{-1}(\lambda/1.0002)\}] \pm 1$ digit (influence from the power factor when $\lambda = 0\%/100$) |
| Accuracy of power factor λ | $\pm [\cos\theta - \cos\{\theta + \sin^{-1}(\lambda/1.0002)\} + \sin^{-1}(\lambda/1.0002)] \pm 1$ digit (influence from the power factor when $\lambda = 0\%/100$) |
| Accuracy of phase difference Φ | ± 1 digit when voltage and current are at the measurement range rated input |
| Accuracy when the crest factor is set to 6 or 6A | accuracy obtained by doubling the measurement range error for the accuracy when the crest factor is set to 3 |
| Accuracy changes caused by data update interval | When the data update interval is 100 ms, and Auto, add 0.05% of reading to the 0.1 Hz to 1 kHz accuracy. |

* f is the frequency of input signal in kHz

Voltage, Current and Active Power Measurements

| Item | Specifications | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|----------------|--|----------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Measurement method | Digital sampling method | | | | | | |
| Crest factor | 3 or 6 (6A) | | | | | | |
| Wiring system | Single-phase , two-wire(1 P2 W) | | | | | | |
| Range select | Select manual or auto ranging | | | | | | |
| | Auto-range increase | | | | | | |
| | The range is upped when any of the following conditions is met. | | | | | | |
| | <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Crest factor 3</td> <td>Urms or Irms exceeds 130% of the currently set measurement range. Upk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 300% of the currently set measurement range.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Crest factor 6</td> <td>Urms or Irms exceeds 130% of the currently set measurement range. Upk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 600% of the currently set measurement range.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Crest factor 6A</td> <td>Urms or Irms exceeds 260% of the currently set measurement range. Upk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 600% of the currently set measurement range.</td> </tr> </table> | Crest factor 3 | Urms or Irms exceeds 130% of the currently set measurement range. Upk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 300% of the currently set measurement range. | Crest factor 6 | Urms or Irms exceeds 130% of the currently set measurement range. Upk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 600% of the currently set measurement range. | Crest factor 6A | Urms or Irms exceeds 260% of the currently set measurement range. Upk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 600% of the currently set measurement range. |
| Crest factor 3 | Urms or Irms exceeds 130% of the currently set measurement range. Upk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 300% of the currently set measurement range. | | | | | | |
| Crest factor 6 | Urms or Irms exceeds 130% of the currently set measurement range. Upk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 600% of the currently set measurement range. | | | | | | |
| Crest factor 6A | Urms or Irms exceeds 260% of the currently set measurement range. Upk, Ipk value of the input signal exceeds 600% of the currently set measurement range. | | | | | | |
| Auto range | | | | | | | |

| | |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Frequency | IHz and VHz |
| Voltage Peak | V+pk and V-pk |
| Current Peak | I+pk and I-pk |
| Active Power Peak | P+pk and P-pk |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THDI and THDV |
| Mathematical Computation | MATH |
| Maximum Current Ratio | MCR |

Frequency Measurement

| Item | Specifications | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Measurement item | Voltage and current | |
| Measurement frequency range | Data update interval | Measurement Frequency Range |
| | 0.1 s | 20 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz |
| | 0.25 s | 10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz |
| | 0.5 s | 5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz |
| | 1 s | 2.0 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz |
| | 2 s | 1.0 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz |
| | 5 s | 0.5 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz |
| | 10 s | 0.2 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz |
| | 20 s | 0.1 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz |
| | Auto (*) | 0.1 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz |
| | (*) Limit of the measurement lower limit frequency by the Timeout setting | |
| | Timeout | lower limit frequency |
| | 1 s | 2.0 Hz |
| | 5 s | 0.5 Hz |
| 10 s | 0.2 Hz | |
| 20 s | 0.1 Hz | |
| Measurement range | Auto switching among six types: 100mHz, 1 Hz, 10 Hz, 100 Hz, 1 kHz, 10 kHz, and 100 kHz. | |
| Frequency filter | Select OFF or ON (cut off frequency of 500 Hz) | |
| Accuracy | Requirements | When the input signal level is 30% or more of the measurement range If the crest factor is set to 3. (60% or more if the crest factor is set to 6 or 6A) |
| | | • Frequency filter is ON when measuring voltage or current of 200 Hz or less. |
| | ± (0.06% of reading) | |

Integration

| Item | Specifications |
|----------------|--|
| Mode | Select manual integration mode, standard integration mode, or repetitive integration mode. |
| Timer | Automatically stop integration by setting a timer. Selectable range: 0 hours 00 minutes 00 seconds to 9999 hours 59 minutes 59 seconds |
| Accuracy | $\pm(\text{Power accuracy (or current accuracy)} + 0.1\% \text{ of reading})$ (fixed range) |
| Range setting | Auto range or fixed range is available for Integration |
| Timer accuracy | $\pm 0.02\%$ |
| Remote control | Start, stop and reset operations are available using an external remote signal. (option) |

Harmonic Measurement

| Item | Specifications | | | |
|--|---|------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Measured item | Voltage, Current, Power | | | |
| Measured method | Zero-cross simultaneous calculation method | | | |
| Frequency range | 10 Hz to 1.2 kHz. | | | |
| FFT data length | 4096 (Frequency must be 50Hz/60Hz and Update Rate must be greater than or equal to 0.25S) | | | |
| Sample rate, window width, and upper limit of Analysis orders* | Fundamental Frequency | Sample rate | Window Width | upper limit of Analysis orders |
| | 45 Hz to 55 Hz | $f \times 512$ | 10 | 50 |
| | 54 Hz to 66 Hz | $f \times 512$ | 12 | 50 |
| Sample rate, window width, and upper limit of Analysis orders* | 1024 | | | |
| | Fundamental Frequency | Sample rate | Window Width | upper limit of Analysis orders |
| | 10 Hz to 67 Hz | $f \times 1024$ | 1 | 50 |
| | 67 Hz to 150 Hz | $f \times 512$ | 2 | 32 |
| | 150 Hz to 300 Hz | $f \times 256$ | 4 | 16 |
| | 300 Hz to 600 Hz | $f \times 128$ | 8 | 8 |
| Accuracy | 600 Hz to 1200 Hz | $f \times 64$ | 16 | 4 |
| | Frequency | Voltage | Current | Power |
| | $10 \text{ Hz} \leq f < 45 \text{ Hz}$ | 0.15% of reading | 0.15% of reading | 0.35% of reading |
| | | + 0.35% of range | + 0.35% of range | + 0.50% of range |
| | $45 \text{ Hz} \leq f < 440 \text{ Hz}$ | 0.15% of reading | 0.15% of reading | 0.25% of reading |

| | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | + 0.35% of range | + 0.35% of range | + 0.50% of range |
| 440 Hz ≤ f < 1.2kHz | 0.20% of reading | 0.20% of reading | 0.40% of reading |
| | + 0.35% of range | + 0.35% of range | + 0.50% of range |

- * 50Hz/60Hz Compliant IEC61000-4-7 (Update Rate must be ≥ 0.25S).
- * Harmonic calculation: FFT method in which FFT data length is divided into 2 types: 1024 and 4096.
- * FFT data length automatically switches in accord with the Frequency and Update Rate of measured signal.

D/A Output (Options)

| Item | Specifications |
|---------------------------|---|
| Output voltage | ±5 V FS (approach ±7.5 V maximum) against each rated value. |
| Number of output channels | 4 |
| Output items | Set for each channel : V, I, P, VA, VAR, PF, DEG, VHZ, IHZ, Vpk, Ipk, WP, WP±, q, q±, Off |
| Accuracy | ±(accuracy of each measurement item + 0.2% of FS) (FS = 5 V) |
| D/A conversion resolution | 16 bits |
| Minimum load | 100 kΩ |
| Update Interval | Same as the data update interval. In the case of Auto Update Rate, update interval is equal to signal interval. More than 100ms. |
| Temperature coefficient | ±0.05%/°C of FS |

Remote Control Input/Output Signal (Options)

| Item | Specifications |
|------------------------------|--|
| Remote control input signal | EXT HOLD, EXT TRIG, EXT START, EXT STOP, EXT RESET |
| Remote control output signal | INTEG BUSY |
| I/O level | TTL |
| I/O logic format | Negative logic, Falling edge |

Digital IO Signal (Options)

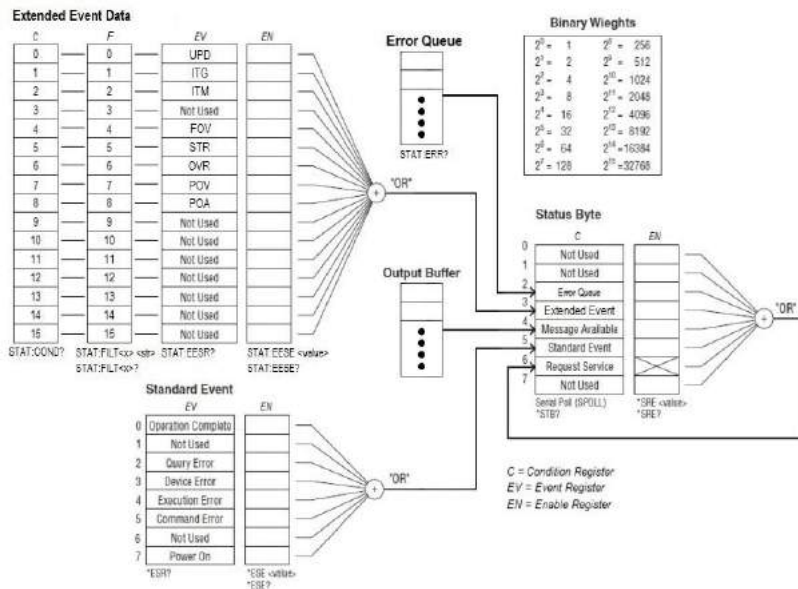
| Item | Specifications |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| I/O control output signal | OUT1, OUT2, OUT3, OUT4 |
| I/O level | TTL |
| I/O sink current | Max 100mA (per/ch) |

* Q (VAR), S (VA), λ (PF) and Φ (DEG) are originated from the measured values including voltage, current and active power which go through computation process. In respect to distorted signal input, accordingly, the value acquired from other instruments, which employ different methods, may differ from that acquired from GPM-8310 unit.

* "Zero" will be shown for S or Q and "--" will be displayed for λ and Φ when either current or voltage is less than 0.5% of the rated range (less than or equivalent to 1% when crest factor is set 6 or 6A).

Status system

The diagram below is a description of the status system



The extended event register receives information about changes in the condition register, which indicates the instrument's internal condition. The information is the result of edge detection performed by the transition filter.

The following table lists the bit definitions for the condition register:

| Bit | Name | Decimal | Definition |
|-----|---------------------|---------|--|
| 0 | Updating | 1 | The measured data is being updated. UPD changing from 1 to 0 indicates that updating has been completed. |
| 1 | Integrate Busy | 2 | During integration. |
| 2 | Integrate Time Busy | 4 | The integration timer is operating. |
| 3 | Not Used | 8 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 4 | Frequency Over | 16 | The frequency is outside the measurement range. |
| 5 | Store Busy | 32 | During storage. |
| 6 | Measured Data Over | 64 | The voltage or current exceeds its range. |
| 7 | Voltage Peak Over | 128 | A peak over-range is detected in the voltage. |
| 8 | Current Peak Over | 256 | A peak over-range is detected in the current. |
| 9 | Not Used | 512 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 10 | Not Used | 1024 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 11 | Not Used | 2048 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 12 | Not Used | 4096 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 13 | Not Used | 8192 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 14 | Not Used | 16384 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 15 | Not Used | 32768 | (Reserved for future use) |

The transition filter parameters detect changes in the specified condition register bits (numeric suffixes 1 to 16) and overwrite the extended event register in the following ways.

| Condition | Definition |
|-----------|---|
| RISE | The specified extended event register bit is set to 1 when the corresponding condition register bit changes from 0 to 1. |
| FALL | The specified extended event register bit is set to 1 when the corresponding condition register bit changes from 1 to 0. |
| BOTH | The specified extended event register bit is set to 1 when the corresponding condition register bit changes from 0 to 1 or from 1 to 0. |
| NEVer | Always zero. |

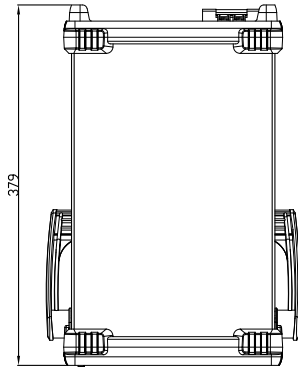
The following table describes the Standard Event Register

| Bit | Name | Decimal | Definition |
|-----|--------------------|---------|---|
| 0 | Operation Complete | 1 | All commands prior to and including *OPC have been executed. |
| 1 | Not Used | 2 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 2 | Query Error | 4 | The instrument tried to read the output buffer but it was empty. Or, a new command line was received before a previous query has been read. Or, both the input and output buffers are full. |
| 3 | Device Error | 8 | A device error, including a self-test error or calibration error, occurred (an error in the -300 range or any positive error has been generated). |
| 4 | Execution Error | 16 | An execution error occurred (an error in the -200 range has been generated). |
| 5 | Command Error | 32 | A command syntax error occurred (an error in the -100 range has been generated). |
| 6 | Not Used | 64 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 7 | Power On | 128 | Power has been cycled since the last time the event register was read or cleared. |

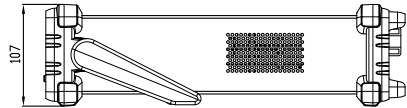
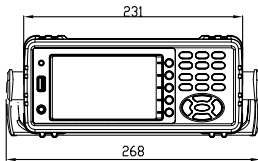
The following table describes the Status Byte Register.

| Bit | Name | Decimal | Definition |
|-----|-------------------|---------|---|
| 0 | Not Used | 1 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 1 | Not Used | 2 | (Reserved for future use) |
| 2 | Error Queue | 4 | One or more errors have been stored in the Error Queue. Use STAT:ERR? to read and delete errors. |
| 3 | Extended Event | 8 | One or more bits are set in the Extended Event Register (bits must be enabled, see STAT:EESE). |
| 4 | Message Available | 16 | Data is available in the instrument's output buffer. |
| 5 | Standard Event | 32 | One or more bits are set in the Standard Event Register (bits must be enabled, see *ESE). |
| 6 | Request Service | 64 | One or more bits are set in the Status Byte Register and may generate a Request for Service (RQS). Bits must be enabled using *SRE. |
| 7 | Not Used | 128 | (Reserved for future use) |

Dimensions



Units = mm



Declaration of Conformity

We

GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

declare that the below mentioned product

Type of Product: Digital Power Meter

Model Number: GPM-8310

are herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Law of Member States relating to EMC (2014/30/EU), LVD (2014/35/EU), WEEE (2012/19/EU) and RoHS (2011/65/EU).

For the evaluation regarding the Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage Directive, the following standards were applied:

| © EMC | |
|---|--|
| EN 61326-1 : EN 61326-2-1: | Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use — EMC requirements (2013) |
| EN 55032:2015 | Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment – Emission Requirements |
| Conducted and Radiated Emissions EN 55011:2016+A1:2017 Class A | Electrical Fast Transients EN 61000-4-4: 2012 |
| Current Harmonic EN 61000-3-2:2019 | Surge Immunity EN 61000-4-5: 2014+A1:2017 |
| Voltage Fluctuation EN 61000-3-3:2013+A1:2019 | Conducted Susceptibility EN 61000-4-6: 2014 |
| Electrostatic Discharge EN 61000-4-2: 2009 | Power Frequency Magnetic Field EN 61000-4-8:2010 |
| Radiated Immunity EN 61000-4-3:2006+A1:2008+A2:2010 | Voltage Dips/ Interrupts EN 61000-4-11: 2004+A1:2017 |
| Low Voltage Equipment Directive 2014/35/EU | |
| Safety Requirements | EN 61010-1:2010+A1:2019 (Third Edition) EN 61010-2-030:2010 (First Edition) |

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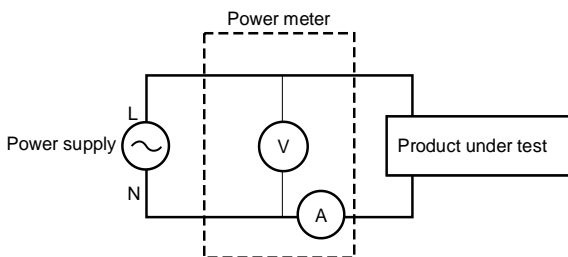
Power measurement

- Method
- Direct read method: Directly read the measurement value measured from power measuring instrument.
 - The average power method: Record the actual power value within a settable period of time and then take the average. A settable period of time isn't less than 10min. The maximum measurement interval is one second.
 - Energy accumulation method: Measure the energy within a settable period of time and then divide it by the time to get the power. A settable period of time isn't less than 10min. The cumulative energy must be greater than the resolution by 200 times.
-

Measurement for small current

Voltage measurement mode measured from power supply side (Connect to ammeter internally). The current measurement is accurate. The voltage measurement on load could be larger than the actual one due to partial pressure of multi-measurement ammeter.

Connection



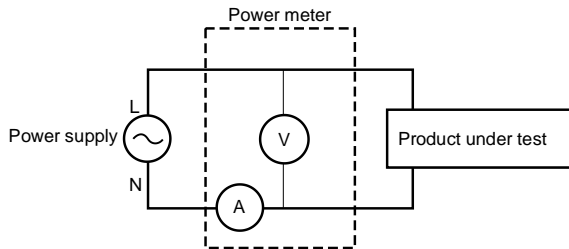
$$\text{Power loss} = (\text{Input current}[\text{A}])^2 \times 505\text{m}\Omega$$

Measurement for large current

Voltage measurement mode measured from load side (Connect to ammeter externally).

The voltage measurement is accurate. The current measurement on load could be larger than the actual one due to leakage current of multi-measurement voltage.

Connection



$$\text{Power loss} = (\text{Input voltage}[\text{V}])^2 / 2\text{M}\Omega$$

Introduction to IEC-62301

IEC 62301-2011 standard is an international basic standard for measuring standby power consumption of household appliances which is issued by IEEC. It is a standby power consumption measurement method for the various household appliances, power supply, audio and video appliances to comply with. The latest version for this standard is second edition of German standard IEC62301: 2011 (British regulations EN50564: 2011) which is issued on January, 2011. Only the products comply to the standard can have CE marking affixed on it.

Recommended parameters for power measurement

- Power resolution is less than or equal to 1mW.
- Time integrator function is available.
- Electric energy resolution is less than or equal to 1mWh and cumulative time resolution is less than or equal to 1 second.
- The crest factor is greater than or equal to 3.
- The minimum current range is less than or equal to 10mA.
- The active power includes AC and DC components.
- Over-range automatic alarm function is available.
- Turning off the auto range function is available.
- Harmonic bandwidth is greater than or equal to 2.5kHz.

The GPM-8310 meets all of the features listed above.

EUP Directive Lot6 specifications

Ecodesign directive for energy-using products:

The power loss requirement for the products with external power supply such as information devices, consumer electronics product, household appliances, toys, entertainment and sports products and so on in standby and off mode is as below.

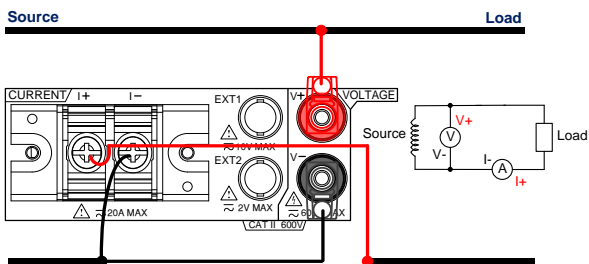
| Mode/Limit | | 2010.01 | 2013.01 |
|---------------|---|---------|---------|
| Standby mode | Products with time display function. | ≤ 2W | ≤ 1W |
| | Products without time display function. | ≤ 1W | ≤ 0.5W |
| Shutdown mode | | ≤ 1W | ≤ 0.5W |

Connection Guide

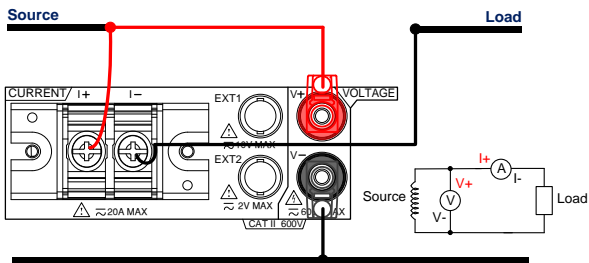
Rear panel

Direct connection: $I < 1A$

Method 1

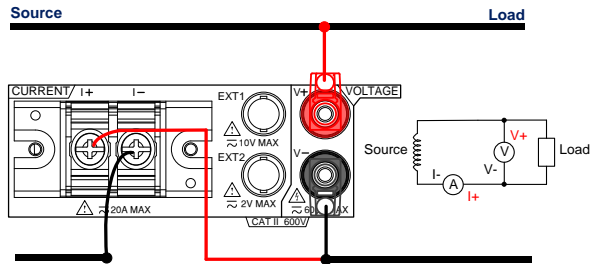


Method 2

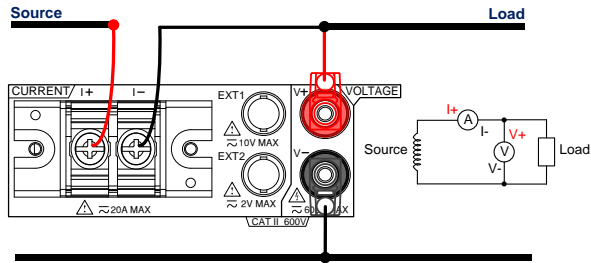


Direct connection: $1A < I < 20A$

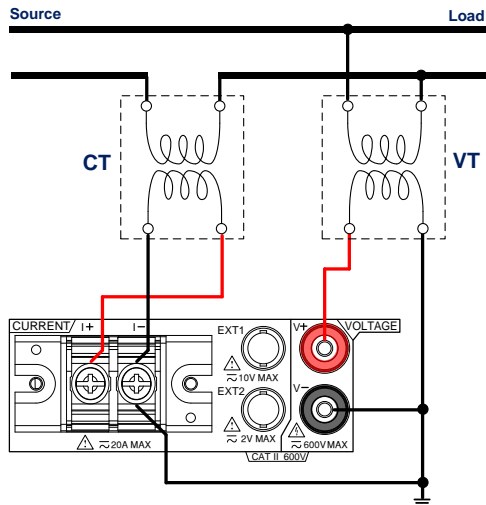
Method 1



Method 2

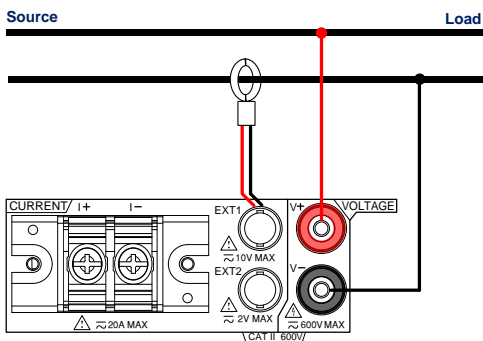


Connection with CT/VT

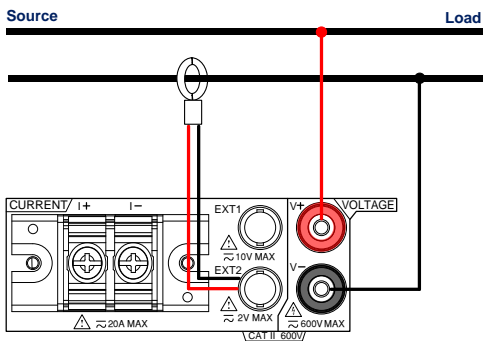


Connection with EXT1/2

EXT1



EXT2



 Note

The optional GCP-300 accessory is required for EXT1 and EXT2 connection. Refer to your local dealer for more details.